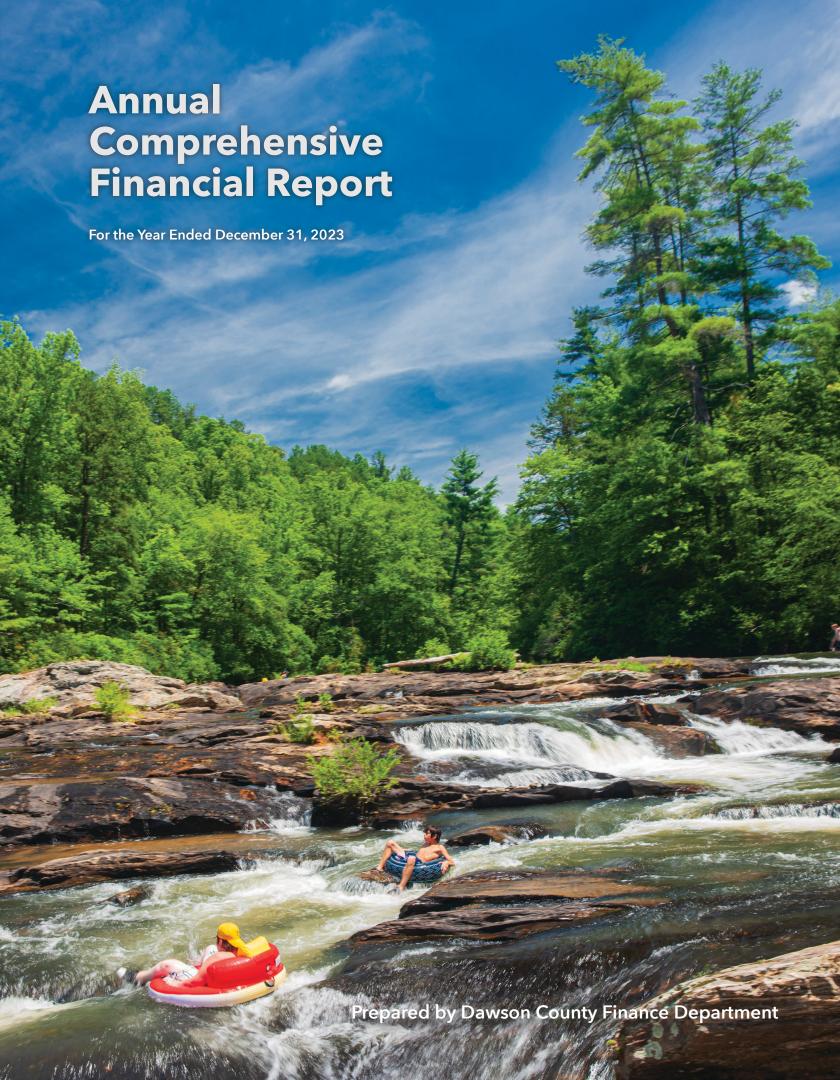


Photos courtesy of John Seibel Photography



DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023



PREPARED BY THE DAWSON COUNTY FINANCE DEPARTMENT

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT (WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT)

Year Ended December 31, 2023

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

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Introductory Section



Billy Thurmond Chairman

Seth Stowers Commissioner District One

Chris Gaines Commissioner District Two

Alexa Bruce Commissioner District Three

Emory Dooley Commissioner District Four

Joey Leverette County Manager

Kristen Cloud County Clerk

DAWSON COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

June 20, 2024

To the Citizens, Chairman, and Board of Commissioners of Dawson County, GA:

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements. We are pleased to issue to you the 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for Dawson County, (the "County") for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, which fulfills this requirement. Dawson County's 2023 Annual Report contains a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS) by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. As management, we assure that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Bates, Carter and Company, LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has audited Dawson County's financial statements. The independent audit involves: examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion of the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, and that the financial statements are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it. An organizational chart of the County is included, as well as a list of government officials.

Profile of the Government

Dawson County, established in 1857, is a growing rural county, located in the foothills of the North Georgia Mountains. There is one incorporated city in the County, the City of Dawsonville. Growth from metro Atlanta makes its way northward via the S.R.400 Corridor, thus making the County a gateway to the mountains of North Georgia. During 2023, the local economy showed continued growth from 2022. However, economic trends and growth continue to be a primary concern for the future of the County. The County is continually monitoring trends that impact the important sales tax revenue.

The governing authority of the County consists of a five-person Board of Commissioners, including a chairman and four district commissioners elected at large. The County operates under the County Manager form of government with eleven operating departments. Other elected officials and departments include Superior Court, Juvenile Court, Magistrate Court, Probate Court, Clerk of Court, Sheriff's Department, and Tax Commissioner. The County Manager reports directly to the Board of Commissioners, oversees the activities of the operating departments, and serves as a liaison for the Board with those departments headed by elected officials. Since the County Commission also serves as the oversight body of the Dawson County Health Department, the Dawson County Development Authority and the Dawson County Industrial Building Authority, these entities are included in this report.

Dawson County provides a range of services, including public safety (Sheriff – Law Enforcement and Emergency Services – Fire, Ambulance, Coroner and Civil Defense), judicial, health and social services, solid waste services, construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure, Geographic Information System (GIS), planning, zoning, business licensing and inspection services, and cultural and recreational programs.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a non-GAAP management control device during the year. An annual budget adoption process was utilized for FY 2023. All departments submit their budget requests to Finance for input into the Budget/Accounting system. After conferences and public hearings are conducted with each department and constitutional officer to review their requests, a tentative budget (Chairman's Proposed Budget) is submitted to the Commissioners and the public. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments concerning the millage rate determination and the final budget adoption.

Budget changes at the department level within each fund are approved by the County Manager and/or Chief Financial Officer as outlined in the annual Budget Resolution. The Board of Commissioners must approve all other changes. Budget to actual comparisons are presented in this report for each individual fund for which an annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, the comparisons are included in the basic financial statements. The other funds with legally adopted annual budgets are included in the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules section. Dawson County follows the laws of Georgia regarding the control, adoption and amendment of the budget during each fiscal year.

Local Economy

Dawson County has been able to maintain, and in most cases, improve services to its citizens during 2023.

Even following a worldwide pandemic, Dawson County continues to experience growth as the County has seen a significant improvement in the typical governmental indicators. During 2023, most economic measures indicate that the economy continues to grow and expand. Despite slowed economic growth, at times, during the period of 2000 to 2023, the County's population increased from 15,999 in 2000 to 31,732 (estimated) in 2023, which is approximately a 98% population increase. Dawson County is one of the fastest growing counties in the United States. This population growth continues to impact all levels of service needed in the County. Some growth data points include:

- 1) Approximately 90% of the County's population resides in the unincorporated portion of the County with the remaining 10% residing in the one municipality, the City of Dawsonville.
- 2) The County's unemployment rate at the end of 2023 stood at 2.5% compared to a rate of 2.3% at the end of 2022.
- 3) In 2023, Dawson County saw a 13.9% increase in the total assessed value of its taxable property, resulting in \$1 million in higher revenue from its tax levy even though the millage rate was rolled back partially.
- 4) The County's largest employer is North Georgia Premium Outlet Mall, which attracts many visitors from Atlanta and surrounding areas. The second and third largest employers are Dawson County Board of Education and Dawson County Board of Commissioners, respectively.
- 5) The total number of building permits issued during 2023 illustrate the continuing growth in the County. The chart below shows the County has had a 299% increase in the past 10 years of building permits issued annually.

	Building
Year	permits
2013	342
2014	347
2015	397
2016	521
2017	507
2018	690
2019	626
2020	675
2021	927
2022	1,503
2023	1,367

Long-term Financial Planning and Major Initiatives

The County continues to focus on maintaining existing infrastructure, retaining and attracting business while managing fiscal resources responsibly so that all citizens can maintain the quality of life enjoyed here in Dawson County. Financing these goals is a great concern for the County, continually trying to balance the needs of the county with the available revenue. While new business

is desired and needed to level the tax base between residential, commercial and industrial, funding the infrastructure is costly.

The County implemented and collected impact fees from mid-2006 through early 2009. However, the County indefinitely suspended the impact fee collections in 2009 in an effort to stimulate the local economy. In light of the needs of a growing and expanding economy, during 2018, the County made the decision to reactivate the collection of impact fees to offset the costs of new infrastructure and capital needs of a growing community. In 2023, impact fees were used to purchase and upfit a service vehicle for the Fire Department. Impact fees were also used to purchase new books, media and materials for the library. Impact fees were utilized in FY 23 to make site improvements and expansions at both Veterans Memorial and Rock Creek parks. New turf fields have been added to both parks which expands the use of these parks.

On November 4, 2014, Dawson County citizens approved the continuation of the Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST). SPLOST VI collections began July 2015, and ended June 2021. Projects are being completed on a pay-as-you-go basis. It is expected that the remaining SPLOST VI projects will be completed in the next couple of years.

On March 16, 2021, Dawson County citizens approved the continuation of Special Purpose Local Sales Tax (SPLOST) after June 30, 2021. SPLOST VII collections began on July 1, 2021. SPLOST VII will be in effect for six years and is expected to provide \$60,000,000 in funding for capital projects approved in the referendum. A large part of SPLOST VII will be used to construct a new Emergency Operations Center/E911 Center, and to design and install a new Emergency Communications System. Other planned SPLOST VII projects include: information technology upgrades, vehicles for Sheriff and Emergency Services, park improvements, and county road and culvert projects.

Expecting an increase in property tax revenue, sales tax, and other revenue sources, the County's 2023 adopted General Fund operating budget increased by \$6,144,637, or 16.5%, compared to the 2022 original budget. In 2023, the Board of Commissioners made the decision to rollback the millage rate to provide tax relief to the citizens. Even with the rollback, the total tax levy for 2023 increased by \$1 million from the prior year. This increase stems from the new growth in homes and commercial business in the County.

The County continues to find innovative and efficient ways to improve the service it provides to its citizens. Some of the improvements and efficiencies in 2023 were:

- > Server upgrade for IT;
- > Computer upgrades for several departments;
- ➤ Wiring upgrade for county- wide system;
- > Completed Canoe Ramp at Etowah River;
- Resurfaced tennis/pickleball courts;
- Continued to utilize a fuel station for County and other government use to reduce the cost of fuel through bulk purchase. The station currently is utilized by County departments, the City of Dawsonville, the Board of Education, Public Health, and Etowah Water & Sewer Authority, resulting in significant savings for each entity;
- ➤ Continued to utilize an in-house Fleet Maintenance Shop to perform routine maintenance for County vehicles, thus reducing cost;
- Road-rehab projects on various County-wide roads;

- > Started construction on the Highway 53/Thompson Creek roundabout with GDOT;
- ➤ Site/building upgrades to Fire Station number 1;
- > Replaced eleven vehicles for various departments;
- > Purchased three pieces of heavy equipment;
- > Started design work for Styles Park;
- > Continued installation work of Emergency Communications System;
- ➤ Made field improvements at Veterans Memorial Park;
- ➤ Made field improvements at Rock Creek Park;
- ➤ Installed new scoreboards at Rock Creek Park;
- Made communication and IT upgrades to the Assembly Room;
- ➤ In 2021, the Board made the decision to use the ARPA funding provided by the federal government to award pay increases to public safety employees. This funding will continue to help take budget pressure off the general fund for the next 1-2 years.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in financial reporting to Dawson County for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. This was the 16th. consecutive year that Dawson County government achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Report that satisfies both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Programs' requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

The preparation of this report has been accomplished through the dedicated effort of the entire staff of the Finance Department and the County Manager's office in conjunction with the external audit firm, Bates, Carter and Company, LLC. Additionally, we would like to thank the Board of Commissioners for its leadership and support in conducting the financial affairs of the County in a responsible manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Vickie L. Neikirk

Chief Financial Officer

Virkie L. Neikirk

Joey Leverette County Manager



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Dawson County Georgia

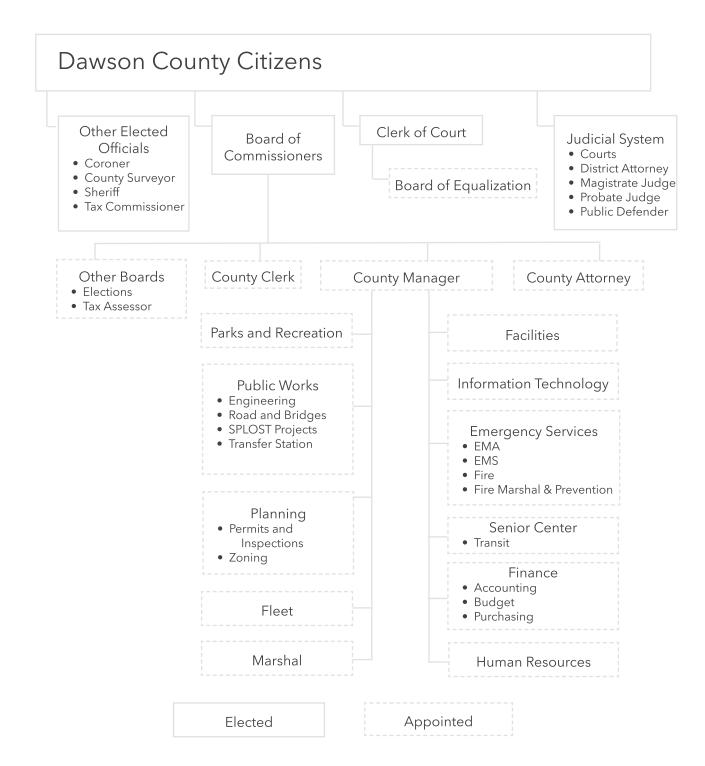
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Organizational Chart



DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023

Board of Commissioners

Chairman:

Vice Chairman:

Chris Gaines

District 1 Commissioner:

District 2 Commissioner:

Chris Gaines

Chris Gaines

Alex Bruce

District 4 Commissioner: Emory Dooley

Other Elected Officials

Clerk of Court:

Probate Judge:

Magistrate Judge:

Sheriff:

Jeff Johnson

Tax Commissioner:

Nicole Stewart

Administration

County Manager: Joey Leverette
Clerk of Commission: Kristen Cloud
Chief Financial Officer: Vickie Neikirk

Board of Commissioners District Map



Billy Thurmond

Chairman



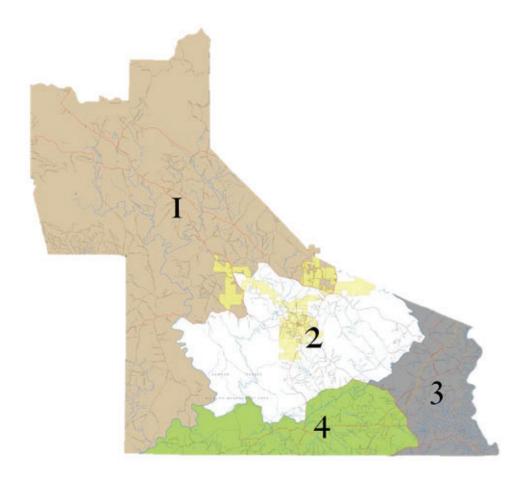
Seth Stowers

District 1



Chris Gaines

District 2





Alexa Bruce

District 3



Emory Dooley

District 4

9

Financial Section



PH 770.532.9131 FX 770.536.5223 525 CANDLER STREET, NE PO DRAWER 2396 GAINESVILLE, GEORGIA 30503 WWW.BATESCARTER.COM

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

June 20, 2024

Board of Commissioners DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA Dawsonville, Georgia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA, as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Dawson County Health Department, a component unit of the County, which represents 59.04%, 12.17%, and 37.32%, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Dawson County Health Department, is based on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted audit standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of the Net Pension Liability - ACCG Dawson County Defined Benefit Plan, the Schedule of Contributions - ACCG Dawson County Defined Benefit Plan, the Schedule of Notes to Required Supplementary Information - ACCG Dawson County Defined Benefit Plan, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund, and the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - American Rescue Plan Act listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Sales Tax Proceeds which is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Official Code of Georgia 48-8-121 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional

comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the supplementary information referenced above is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements or our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 20, 2024, on our consideration of the DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Botes, Carter & Co., LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Dawson County, Georgia, we offer the readers of Dawson County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. This discussion's intent is to: (1) assist the reader in understanding significant financial issues; (2) provide an overview of the County's financial activities; (3) identify changes in the County's financial position; (4) identify material deviations from the original budget; and (5) identify individual fund issues or concerns. We encourage readers to consider the material presented here in conjunction with additional information furnished in the financial statements and the notes to financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The County's basic audited financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements, presented on pages 1 and 2, are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Dawson County's finances in a manner similar to that of private-sector business reporting. All governmental and business type activities are combined to arrive at a total for the Primary Government. There are two government wide statements, the statement of net position and the statement of activities which are described below:

- Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net position serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. It is important to note that this statement combines the governmental fund's current financial resources (short term) with capital assets and long-term liabilities.
- Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. The statement format is different from a traditional "income statement." The format is intended to portray the extent to which governmental activities are funded by taxes and the extent to which business-type activities are supported by the revenues they generate. The statement presents all underlying events that effect the changes in net position, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Each of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, judicial, public health and welfare, public safety, public works, recreation and culture, housing and development, and intergovernmental. The business-type activities of the County include solid waste and DCAR Geographical Information System (GIS) operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Dawson County, Georgia, itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Health Department, Development Authority, and Industrial Development Authority for which Dawson County, Georgia, is financially accountable. These legally separate entities are designated as component units of the County due to the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the County. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Dawson County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities (in the government-wide financial statements).

The County maintains separate governmental funds to account for the following activities: General; Special Revenue (Emergency Telephone System, Multiple Grants, ARPA Funding, Restricted Programs, Jail, Hotel/Motel Tax, Law Library, Victims Rights and Assistance, Drug Abuse Treatment and Education, District Attorney Seizure, Sheriff's Seizure, and Inmate Welfare); and Capital Projects (SPLOST, Capital Projects, and Impact Fees). Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, SPLOST, and ARPA Fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other (non-

major) governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated column. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Dawson County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and special revenue funds. Capital projects funds have project length budgets, which are adopted for the duration of the project. An annual budget for capital project funds is used for management purposes of these funds to facilitate fiscal control and accounting of activities. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund and special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 3-6 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its solid waste and DCAR Geographical Information System (GIS) operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its Fuel and Fleet Maintenance Fund. The County adopts an annual budget for management purposes of these funds to facilitate fiscal control and accounting of activities in these funds. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the solid waste and DCAR Geographical Information System (GIS) operations of the County, each of which are considered to be major funds of the County.

Conversely, all internal service funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 7-10 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. Dawson County maintains seven fiduciary funds called custodial funds for Tax Commissioner, Clerk of Superior Court, Probate Court, Magistrate Court, Sheriff, and Inmate Fund.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 and 12 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 15-49 of this report.

Other financial information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's schedule of budgetary comparisons, progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees, and employer pension contributions. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 56-70 of this report.

- Dawson County's net position at December 31, 2023 was \$137,684,469. Of this amount, \$81,950,168 represents capital assets (i.e. land, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, machinery & equipment) net of accumulated depreciation and related debt. The government's ongoing obligations to the citizens of Dawson County and creditors will be met with the remainder of \$55,734,301.
- As of December 31, 2023, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$58,811,127, a change of \$9,939,510 in comparison with the prior year. The majority of the increase in the fund balance for the General Fund comes from the increase in LOST revenue and most other revenue sources. SPLOST funds saw an increase with the addition of SPLOST VII funds which have been allowed to accumulate to pay for upcoming projects.
- As of December 31, 2023, the County's General Fund reported a fund balance of \$26,069,566; an increase of \$6,213,713 in comparison with the prior year. This increase was mainly due to increased sales tax and other revenue sources exceeding expenditures. The influx of funds from the ARPA (American Rescue Plan Act) also boosted fund balance as General Fund expenses were moved to the ARPA Fund, relieving pressure from the General Fund. Dawson County has been allocated a total of \$5,071,173 from ARPA. The first half of this funding was received in FY21 and the other half was received in FY22. In 2021, the County made the decision to use all of this funding to provide pay increases to all Public Safety personnel for three to four years.
- As of December 31, 2023, SPLOST VI was still being utilized for various projects even though tax collections were completed in 2021. Major accomplishments for fiscal year 2023 include completion of county-wide computer system upgrade, completion of various road projects, numerous park improvements, and purchase of new vehicles for several departments.

- As of December 31, 2023, SPLOST VII saw collections of \$13,683,696 for the fiscal year. Expenditures totaled \$6,977,224 for the same period. The large-scale projects scheduled for SPLOST VII were in the planning and design phase during 2023.
- Dawson County's total long-term debt changed by \$1,823,507. The Pension liability for the County increased by \$1,736,303. The County reduced its principal balances of debt by \$290,000. See note 7 for more details related to the County's total long-term obligations.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, over time net position serves as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Dawson County, on an entity-wide basis, assets exceeded liabilities by \$137,684,469 at the close of the fiscal year. This represents a change in net position from fiscal year 2022 of \$121,920,909.

Comparative Schedule of Net Position December 31

(\$ in thousands)

		rnmental <u>tivities</u>		ss-Type vities		rimary <u>nment</u>
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Current and other assets Capital assets (net of depreciation) Total assets	\$ 79,22 82,54 161,76	76,619	\$ 1,564 1,803 3,367	\$ 1,670 1,636 3,306	\$ 80,785 <u>84,346</u> 165,131	\$ 72,386
Total deferred outflows of resources	88	6 130			886	130
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities Total liabilities	7,16 4,76 11,93	7 5,625	863 17 880	807 28 835	8,032 4,784 12,816	6,209 5,653 11,862
Total deferred inflows of resources	15,51	7 16,988			15,517	16,988
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets	80,14	8 74,539	1,802	1,636	81,950	76,175
Restricted	32,36	9 28,493	-	-	32,369	28,493
Unrestricted	22,68		685	835	23,365	17,253
Total net position Table may not add due to rounding	\$ 135,19	<u>\$ 119,450</u>	\$ 2,487	\$ 2,471	\$ 137,684	<u>\$ 121,921</u>

By far the largest portion of the County's net position (59.5%) at December 31, 2023, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment), net of any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets and accumulated depreciation. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other

sources, since capital assets themselves are not used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the County's net position (23.5%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

The change in net position is an indication the County's financial position. This increase in net position is viewed as a positive indicator of financial health. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County is able to report positive net position as a whole.

Comparative Schedule of Changes in Net Position December 31

		(\$ in t	hou	sands)								
	G	Soveri				Busine	ss-T	<u>ype</u>		Total F	Prin	nary
		<u>Acti</u>	viti			<u>Acti</u>				Gover	nm	ent
	20	23	_	2022	_	2023	_	2022	_	2023	_	2022
Revenues:												
Program revenues												
Charges for services	\$ 7	,738	\$	7,539	\$	644	\$	558	\$	8,382	\$	8,097
Operating grants and contributions	3	,730		3,062		2		-		3,732		3,062
Capital grants and contributions	2	,704		1,058		-		-		2,704		1,058
General revenue												
Property taxes	19	,028		15,870		-		-		19,028		15,870
Sales taxes	25	,457		24,560		-		-		25,457		24,560
Other taxes	4	,495		4,542		-		-		4,495		4,542
Gain on sale of assets		61		73		-		-		61		73
Unrestricted investment earnings	1	,572		189		-		-		1,572		189
Grants and contributions not restricted to a												
specific program		30		32		-		-		30		32
Total revenue	64	,815		56,925		646		558		65,461		57,483
Expenses:												
General government	7	,259		6,615		-		-		7,259		6,615
Judicial	5	,111		4,401		-		-		5,111		4,401
Public safety	22	,908		21,153		-		-		22,908		21,153
Public works	7	,011		8,134		-		-		7,011		8,134
Public health and welfare	1	,395		1,331		-		-		1,395		1,331
Recreation and culture	2	,993		2,450		-		-		2,993		2,450
Housing and development	2	,399		2,079		-		-		2,399		2,079
Principal and interest		49		65		-		-		49		65
Solid waste		-		-		573		519		573		519
Water and sewer								87				87
Total expenses	49	,125		46,228		573		606		49,698		46,834
Increase in net position before transfers	15	,690		10,697		73		(48)		15,763		10,649
Transfers		57		(111)		(57)		111		-		
Increase (Decrease) in net position	15	,747		10,586		16		63		15,763		10,649
Change in accounting principle/estimate		-		(11)		-		-		-		(11)
Net position, beginning of year		,450	_1	108,875		2,471		2,408	_1	121,921		111,283
Net position, end of year	\$ 135	,197	\$ 1	19,450	\$	2,487	\$	2,471	\$ 1	137,684	\$	121,921

The comparative schedule of changes in net position denotes a change of \$16 million in net position.

Table may not add due to rounding

Revenue increased \$7.978 million in fiscal year 2023. The increase in Governmental Activities revenue is mainly attributable to an increase in property taxes, an increase in both LOST and SPLOST, as well as an increase in other taxes. Most categories of revenue in the Governmental funds saw an increase during 2023. Governmental Activities expenses increased by \$2,897 million or 6.3% from the previous year.

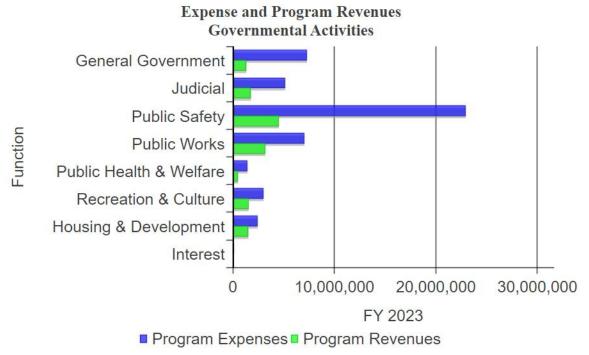
The decrease in Business-type Activities is due to the temporary halt of commercial dumping at the transfer station, which in turn results in lower tonnage collected and revenue. Business-type expenses decreased by \$33 thousand or 5.4% from the previous year.

Governmental Activities:

Governmental activities net position overall had a 13.2% increase from fiscal year 2022 to fiscal year 2023. This change is the result of increases in revenue that were greater than the increase in planned expenditures. Additionally, the County continued to operate in a conservative manner, resulting in departments not expending all available budgeted funds.

- Revenues saw an overall increase during 2023. This was attributable to growth in LOST, SPLOST, and charges for services revenue.
- Expenses increased \$2.90 million from fiscal year 2022. This primarily is due to increased costs for approved pay increases to personnel.

The following charts show activities by function:



Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities FY 2023

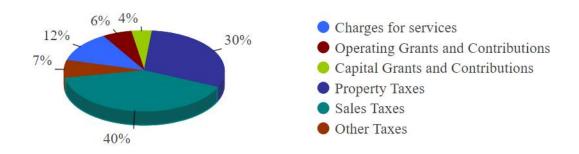


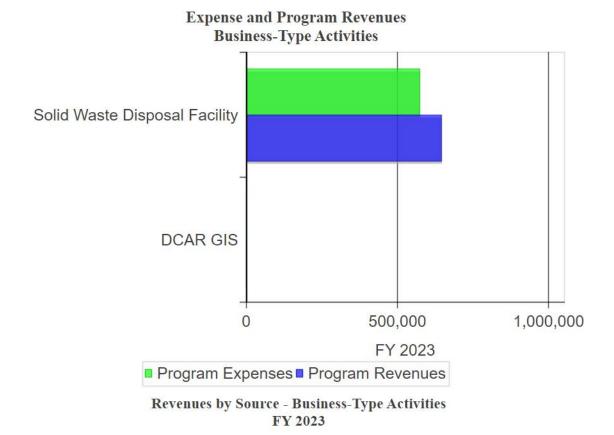
Chart shows all sources of revenue collected for governmental activities not limited to program revenue.

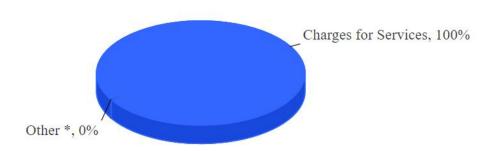
Business-Type Activities:

Business-type net position increased by \$15 thousand. Key elements of this change are:

- The Solid Waste Disposal Facility Fund net position increased slightly by \$106,069. This was due to revenues slightly exceeding expenses for the year. The operating revenues of \$643,920 is a decrease from prior years because of decreased tonnage received at the transfer station due to the halt in accepting commercial waste.
- The DCAR GIS fund's net position decreased by \$91,251. This fund is mainly supported by transfers from the General Fund and minimal revenue from map sales. Because the GIS fund is not self-sustainable at this time, the decision has been made to dissolve the GIS fund and have all the GIS activity accounted for in the General Fund in future years.

The following charts show activities by enterprise operation:





FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$58,811,127, a change of \$9,939,510 in comparison to the prior year. The increases in the General and SPLOST Fund Balances were primarily the result of an increase in sales tax collections. Sales tax collections have increased because of additional commercial businesses being opened at the 400 Corridor. This area of the County continues to be the hub for retail, restaurants, and other commercial businesses. The ARPA fund saw growth due to the receipt of the other half of the Dawson County allocated funding being received in FY22.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance of the general fund was \$26,069,566. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. At the end of 2023 unassigned fund balance is \$20,523,010. Unassigned fund balance represents 60.0% of total general fund current operating expenditures.

The American Rescue Plan Act Fund accounts for funds received under the federal coronavirus rescue package designed to facilitate the United States' recovery from the economic and health effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. In total, the County received \$5,071,173 million in grant funds through the American Rescue Plan Act. ARPA funds are used for premium pay for public safety employees and paid time off from illness due to COVID.

The SPLOST Fund accounts for the financial resources provided from a one percent Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax. Collections for SPLOST VI began as of July 1, 2015. SPLOST VI funds were approved by voter referendum November 4, 2014 for a total of \$46,000,000 with projects including: Park improvements, Road Projects, Sheriff Vehicles, Fire and EMS Vehicles, a new Fire Station, and a Public Works Facility. City (Dawsonville) projects were included in this SPLOST, with the City receiving 15% of all SPLOST VI collections. For fiscal year 2023, SPLOST VI provided funding for several major projects including purchase of Sheriff vehicles, park improvements, IT upgrades, and fire and ambulance equipment. In 2023, SPLOST VI was also used to purchase Public Works equipment and to make road improvements on several County roads.

At the end of fiscal year 2023, SPLOST Fund reported a fund balance of \$26,572,971, which represents a change from last year of \$4,139,157. This increase is a result of the addition of SPLOST VII receipts which began collection July 2021. The referendum for SPLOST VII was approved by the voters March 16, 2021. It is to be in effect for 6 years and it is expected to provide \$60,000,000 in revenue to the County and the City of Dawsonville for capital projects. It is projected that of the \$60 million in projected receipts, the City will receive approximately \$6,180,000 for its projects.

Governmental Fund Revenue and Expenditure Comparison

					(\$ in	thousands)							
2023 2022 Inc/Dec %Inc/Dec			2023			2023 2022		nc/Dec	%Inc/Dec				
Revenue						Expenditures							
Taxes	\$	48,938	\$ 44,959	\$ 3,979	8.9 %	General Government	\$	6,169	\$	5,632	\$	537	10 %
License and Permits		1,560	1,589	(29)	(1.8)%	Judicial		5,002		4,395		607	14 %
Intergovernmental		4,924	3,897	1,027	26.4 %	Public Health and Welfare		1,243		1,170		73	6 %
Fines and Forfeitures		800	770	30	3.9 %	Public Safety		20,408		18,755		1,653	9 %
Charges for Services		5,167	4,953	214	4.3 %	Public Works		2,722		2,922		(200)	(7)%
Investment income		2,576	274	2,302	840.1 %	Recreation and Culture		2,207		1,936		271	14 %
Miscellaneous		722	398	324	81.4 %	Housing and Development		2,360		2,050		310	15 %
						Intergovernmental		1,230		2,361		(1,131)	(48)%
						Capital Outlay		13,155		6,019		7,136	119 %
						Debt Service		342	_	622		(280)	(45)%
Total Revenues	\$	64,687	\$ 56,840	\$ 7,847	13.8 %	Total Expenditures	\$	54,838	\$	45,862	\$	8,976	20 %

The changes in fund balances for the Governmental Funds are as shown:

Dawson County Governmental Funds Fund Balance

(\$ in thousands)

(\$\psi tit titousantas)													
		2023		2022	Inc	er/(Decr)	% Incr/(Decr)						
General Fund	\$	26,070	\$	19,856	\$	6,214	31.3 %						
SPLOST		26,573		22,434		4,139	18.4 %						
Capital Projects		109		15		94	626.7%						
Non-Major Funds		6,059		6,567		(508)	(7.7)%						
Total Fund Balance	\$	58,811	\$	48,872	\$	9,939	20.3 %						

Table may not add due to rounding

Proprietary Funds. The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Dawson County Proprietary Funds Net position

(\$ in thousands)

	2	2023	2022	Inc	r/(Decr)	% Incr/-Decr		
Solid Waste Disposal	\$	2,411	\$ 2,305	\$	106	4.6 %		
DCAR GIS		-	91		(91)	(100.0)%		
Internal Service		1,354	 1,250		104	8.3 %		
Total Net Position	\$	3,765	\$ 3,646	\$	119	3.3 %		

Table may not add due to rounding

Unrestricted net position of the Solid Waste Disposal Facility and DCAR GIS Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$608,478. This represents a change of \$(93,700) from unrestricted net position as of December 31, 2022. Other factors related to the finances of these funds have been included in the previous discussion of the business-type activities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The FY 2023 adopted budget (original budget) was \$37,292,621. During the year, the Board of Commissioners amended the General Fund budget to better reflect revenue projections and utilize the planned use of fund balance committed for operations during the fiscal year 2022. The final budget was \$38,913,304. The actual revenue (inflow) was \$41,757,411, which varied from final budget by \$(2,844,107). The actual expenditures (outflows) were \$35,543,698 which varied from the final expenditure budget by \$(3,369,606). The net result is a \$6,213,713 increase in the General Fund balance.

- Sales tax revenue increase of \$1.27 million
- Property tax receipts increased by over \$2.45 million
- Investment income increased by over \$1.27 million

Actual expenditures came in \$3.370 million below budget and can be summarized as follows:

- General Government was under budget by \$607 thousand
- Judicial was under budget by \$230 thousand
- Public Safety under budget by \$928 thousand
- Public Works under budget by \$743 thousand
- Public Health and Welfare under budget by \$81 thousand
- Recreation and Culture was under budget by \$75 thousand
- Housing and Development was under budget by \$114 thousand
- Transfers out were under budget by \$592 thousand

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget difference by function:

	General Fund												
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023													
	7	ariance of											
		Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget						
General Government	\$	7,669,172	\$	7,075,550	\$	6,468,617	\$	606,933					
Judicial		4,440,184		4,711,606		4,482,007		229,599					
Public Safety		17,430,042		18,247,363		17,319,439		927,924					
Public Works		2,595,278		2,758,875		2,016,029		742,846					
Public Health and Welfare		381,168		519,920		438,954		80,966					
Recreation and Culture		1,932,986		2,251,203		2,175,839		75,364					
Housing and Development		1,363,869		1,419,874		1,306,343		113,531					
Transfers out		1,479,922		1,928,913		1,336,470		592,443					
Total Charges to Appropriations	\$	37,292,621	\$	38,913,304	\$	35,543,698	\$	3,369,606					

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. The County's investment in capital assets for its government and business-type activities as of December 31, 2023, was \$84 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, bridges, and sewer infrastructure.

Governmental assets moved from construction in progress to the asset records during the year totaled approximately \$1.1 million. Major projects consisted of the following:

- Upgraded computers throughout the County
- Installed new data backup system
- Made improvements at the parks
- Audio/Visual courtroom upgrade
- Purchased vehicles for various departments

Dawson County's Capital Assets (Net of depreciation)

(\$ in thousands)

	Governmen	ital Aci	<u>tivities</u>		Business-ty	pe Ac	<u>tivities</u>	_	Γotal Primar	y Government		
	2023		2022	_	2023	_	2022		2023	2022		
Intangible Assets	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Land and Improvements	14,121		14,127		1,122		1,122		15,243		15,249	
Construction in Progress	3,955		1,863		206		22		4,161		1,885	
Buildings	43,109		42,613		369		387		43,478		43,000	
Machinery & Equipment	1,933		1,839		50		74		1,983		1,913	
Vehicles	4,783		4,731		55		31		4,838		4,762	
Infrastructure	 14,642		11,446						14,642		11,446	
Total Assets	\$ 82,543	\$	76,619	\$	1,802	\$	1,636	\$	84,345	\$	78,255	

Table may not add due to rounding

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 6 on pages 32 through 35 of this report.

Long-Term Debt.

Dawson County's Outstanding Debt Bonds Payable, Capital Leases, Notes Payable, Claims, and Other Debts

(\$ in thousands)

	<u>(</u>	Governmen	tal Act	ivities		Business	type Act	tivities	T	Total Primary Government			
		2023		2022	2023			2022		2023	2022		
Contracts Payable	\$	1,625	\$	1,915	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,625	\$	1,915	
Compensated Absences		2,214		1,893		-		-		2,214		1,893	
Net Pension Liability		3,331		1,594		-		-	_	3,331		1,594	
Totals	\$	7,170	\$	5,402	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,170	\$	5,402	

Table may not add due to rounding

Additional information regarding Dawson County's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 on pages 37 through 38 of this report.

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

With respect to the economy, fiscal year 2023 proved to be a financially successful year for Dawson County. Growth is happening all across the County, residentially and commercially. This growth has a significant impact on the services the County must provide; all while keeping in mind the County slogan, "Where Quality of Life Matters". This growth pattern is expected to continue into FY 2024 and beyond. The fiscal year 2024 economic outlook is expected to be even better for Dawson County than in 2023. It is expected that Dawson County will continue to see consistent improvement in the local economy and steady real estate growth trends in the next few years.

- County millage rate was reduced from 7.2225 to 5.6340 for 2023.
- Fund balance growth shows that County policy of conservative spending is working to provide financial support if other revenues show signs of weakening.
- Sales tax revenues continue to show signs of growth in the retail segment of the economy. The County is dependent on sales tax to lessen the property tax burden on citizens. Sales tax provides revenue for operational expenses and capital needs.
- FY 2024 budget was adopted utilizing the increase in both property tax and other revenues. Total FY24 General Fund adopted budget is \$43,437,258. An increase of \$6,144,637, or 16.48% from the original adopted budget for FY 2023.
- FY 2024 budget utilized \$4,371,206 of fund balance to provide funding for necessary operational costs.
- L.O.S.T revenue is budgeted for 2024 at \$11,500,000, an increase of \$1,000,000, from FY 2023.
- Continued expansion along the 400 corridor shows positive growth, and bringing with it, the expectation of increased revenues to fund expanding need for county services.

In closing, Dawson County's economic outlook is bright for 2024 and beyond. The County's proximity to the Atlanta metro area positions it to continue to see significant growth in the years ahead. The County is making significant investments in public works projects, infrastructure, building/facility improvements, public safety initiatives, and technology to accommodate future expected growth. The current economy, revenue forecasting, and careful expenditure planning were taken into consideration when preparing the fiscal year 2024 budget.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all interested in the government's financials. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, Dawson County Finance Department, 25 Justice Way Suite 2214, Dawsonville, Georgia 30534.



DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2023

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

	GOVERNMENTAL	BUSINESS-TYPE	TOTAL	COMPONENT
ASSETS	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES		UNITS
Cash	\$ 51,835,248	\$ 185	\$ 51,835,433	\$ 1,051,870
Investments	21,480,109	-	21,480,109	-
Lease receivable	28,936	-	28,936	-
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	5,887,214	126,033	6,013,247	85,762
Internal balances	(1,437,934)	1,437,934	206.062	-
Inventories	306,863	-	306,863	- 5.620
Prepaid items	754,056	-	754,056	5,620
Restricted assets: Cash	7,819		7,819	
Non-current assets:	7,019	-	7,019	-
Lease receivable	359,188	_	359,188	_
Net OPEB asset	337,100	_	337,100	55,665
Capital assets:				33,003
Capital assets not being depreciated	18.076.024	1,328,026	19,404,050	24,592
Capital assets being depreciated	191,982,130	1,707,275	193,689,405	14,601
Less: accumulated depreciation	(127,514,958)	(1,232,795)	(128,747,753)	(12,872)
Capital assets, net of depreciation	82,543,196	1,802,506	84,345,702	26,321
TOTAL ASSETS	161,764,695	3,366,658	165,131,353	1,225,238
10112120210	101,701,000	3,200,020	100,101,000	1,220,230
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension items	886,483	_	886,483	742,359
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	886,483		886,483	742,359
TOTAL BETTERMED COTTES WE OF RESCONDED	000,105		000,100	7 12,509
TOTAL ASSETS & DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	162,651,178	3,366,658	166,017,836	1,967,597
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			, ,
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	2,853,352	10,984	2,864,336	27,251
Accrued interest payable	20,042	-	20,042	-
Other accrued items	434,444	5,518	439,962	-
Unearned revenue	1,396,469	-	1,396,469	-
Amounts held in trust	62,819	-	62,819	-
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year				
Compensated absences payable	1,660,261	-	1,660,261	61,540
Accrued landfill closure / postclosure	-	22,000	22,000	-
Contracts payable	295,000	-	295,000	-
Due in more than one year	552.420		552 420	
Compensated absences payable	553,420	0.41.074	553,420	-
Accrued landfill closure / postclosure	1,330,000	841,074	841,074	-
Contracts payable Net pension liability	3,330,619	-	1,330,000 3,330,619	1,198,584
		879,576		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	11,936,426	8/9,5/0	12,816,002	1,287,375
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension items	_	_	_	110,468
Lease receipts	444.000	_	444,000	110,400
Other deferred revenue	116	-	116	-
Property taxes for next fiscal year	15,073,249	-	15,073,249	_
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	15,517,365		15,517,365	110,468
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	15,517,505		13,317,303	110,100
RESOURCES	27,453,791	879,576	28,333,367	1,397,843
RESOURCES	27,433,771	677,570	20,333,307	1,377,043
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	80,147,662	1,802,506	81,950,168	26,321
Restricted for:	, -,	, ,	. , ,	
Sales tax referendum projects	26,572,971	-	26,572,971	-
Impact fee projects	3,927,955	-	3,927,955	-
Judicial programs	439,233	-	439,233	-
Public safety programs	699,555	-	699,555	-
Public works programs	112,824	-	112,824	-
Health and welfare programs	71,593	-	71,593	-
Housing and development	521,410	-	521,410	-
Recreation and culture	23,868	-	23,868	-
Unrestricted	22,680,316	684,576	23,364,892	543,433
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 135,197,387	\$ 2,487,082	\$ 137,684,469	\$ 569,754

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

....NET (EXPENSE) AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION....
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT......PROGRAM REVENUES.....

				•••••	PROC	KAM KEVENU	ES	······	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT							
					O	PERATING		CAPITAL								
			CH	ARGES FOR	GF	RANTS AND	G	RANTS AND	GOV	VERNMENTAL	E	BUSINESS-TYPE			COM	1PONENT
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	E	EXPENSES		SERVICES	CON	TRIBUTIONS	CON	TRIBUTIONS	A	ACTIVITIES		ACTIVITIES		TOTAL	1	UNITS
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT																
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES																
General government	\$	7,258,183	2	1.188.193	2	108,036	2	_	\$	(5,961,954)	2	_	\$	(5,961,954)	2	_
Judicial	φ	5,111,341	φ	1,224,477	Φ	517,295	φ	-	φ	(3,369,569)	φ	-	Φ	(3,369,569)	Ф	-
Public safety		22,908,148		2,354,399		2,121,597		12,368		(18,419,784)		-		(18,419,784)		-
												-				-
Public works		7,011,116		83,475		386,000		2,692,075		(3,849,566)		-		(3,849,566)		-
Public health and welfare		1,394,528		10,996		466,199		-		(917,333)		-		(917,333)		-
Recreation and culture		2,993,301		1,472,408		36,412		-		(1,484,481)		-		(1,484,481)		-
Housing and development		2,398,788		1,403,980		95,035		-		(899,773)		-		(899,773)		-
Interest		48,791				-		-		(48,791)		-		(48,791)		
Total Governmental Activities		49,124,196		7,737,928		3,730,574		2,704,443		(34,951,251)		-		(34,951,251)		-
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES											_					
Solid waste/recycling		573,305		643,920		1,873		_		_		72,488		72,488		_
Total Business-Type Activities	_	573,305		643,920		1,873			_		_	72,488		72,488		
	Φ.		0		©	/	Φ.	2.704.442		(24.051.251)	_		_			
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	2	49,697,501	<u>></u>	8,381,848	2	3,732,447	2	2,704,443		(34,951,251)	_	72,488	_	(34,878,763)		
COMPONENT UNITS																
Health Department	\$	1,103,661	\$	285,707	\$	621,518	\$	-		-		-		-		(196,436)
Development Authority		1,420,211		1,500		1,516,505		_		-		-		-		97,794
Industrial Building Authority		4,290						_		-		-		_		(4,290)
TOTAL COMPONENT UNITS	\$	2,528,162	S	287,207	\$	2,138,023	\$				_					(102,932)
TOTAL COM CIVERY CIVIES	=	2,020,102	-	207,207		2,130,023	Ψ				_		_			(102,552)
GENERAL REVENUES																
										19,027,621				19,027,621		
Property taxes												-				-
Sales taxes										25,456,586		-		25,456,586		-
Insurance premium taxes										1,894,959		-		1,894,959		-
Real estate recording taxes										832,853		-		832,853		-
Other taxes										1,766,913	_	-		1,766,913		
Total taxes										48,978,932		-		48,978,932		-
Unrestricted investment earnings										1,571,810		-		1,571,810		5,955
Grants and contributions not restricted	d to a spe	cific program								30,982		-		30,982		-
Gain(loss) on sale of capital assets	-									60,599		-		60,599		-
TRANSFERS										56,583		(56,583)		-		-
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES A	ND TRA	NSFERS								50,698,906	_	(56,583)		50,642,323		5,955
CHANGES IN NET POSITION										15,747,655	_	15,905		15,763,560		(96,977)
CHANGES IN NET TOSITION										13,747,033	-	15,905	_	13,703,300		(90,977)
NET POSITION, Beginning										119,449,732		2,471,177		121,920,909		637,467
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT										117,447,732		2,4/1,1//		121,720,707		29,264
										110 440 722	_	2 471 177	_	121 020 000		
NET POSITION, Beginning as restated										119,449,732	_	2,471,177	_	121,920,909		666,731
NET POSITION, Ending									\$	135,197,387	ç	2,487,082	¢.	137,684,469	\$	569,754
TALT TOSTITON, Ending									φ	133,177,367	ψ	2,707,002	φ	137,004,409	ψ	309,734

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2023

ASSETS Cash Investments	\$	GENERAL 28,320,455 11,429,234	\$	SPLOST 16,366,088 10,050,875		MERICAN SCUE PLAN ACT 1,883,715		OTHER NONMAJOR VERNMENTAL FUNDS 5,264,991	GO'	TOTAL VERNMENTAL FUNDS 51,835,249 21,480,109
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		3,243,685		1,638,932		-		984,547		5,867,164
Lease receivables		388,125		-		-		-		388,125
Interfund receivables		590,670		-		-		1,106,692		1,697,362
Prepaid items		754,056		-		-		-		754,056
Inventories		188,798		-		-		-		188,798
Restricted assets: Cash		7.010								7.010
		7,819	0	20.055.005	0	1 002 715	0	7.256.220	Ф.	7,819
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	44,922,842	\$	28,055,895	\$	1,883,715	2	7,356,230	\$	82,218,682
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	701,454	\$	1,482,719	\$	-	\$	605,527	\$	2,789,700
Other accrued items		394,346		-		625		35,125		430,096
Interfund payables		2,501,820		205		377,157		213,308		3,092,490
Unearned revenue		-		-		1,396,469		-		1,396,469
Deposits held		62,819		-		-				62,819
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,660,439		1,482,924		1,774,251		853,960		7,771,574
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		118,616		-		-		-		118,616
Unavailable revenue - Opioid settlement		-		-		-		443,028		443,028
Deferred inflows related to lease receipts		444,000		-		-		-		444,000
Deferred revenue - other		-		-		-		116		116
Deferred revenue - next year's property tax digest	_	14,630,221						-		14,630,221
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		15,192,837		-		-		443,144		15,635,981
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	18,853,276		1,482,924		1,774,251		1,297,104		23,407,555
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid expenditure		754,056		-		-		-		754,056
Inventories		188,798		-		-		-		188,798
Restricted:										
Impact fee projects		-		-		-		3,927,955		3,927,955
Sales tax referendum projects		-		26,572,971		-		112.024		26,572,971
Opioid Settlement		-		-		-		112,824		112,824
Judicial programs		127.025		-		-		439,234		439,234
Public safety programs Health and welfare programs		137,035 71,593		-		-		562,520		699,555 71,593
Parks and recreation programs		23,868		-		-		-		23,868
Housing and development programs		23,000				_		521,410		521,410
Assigned:		_		_		_		321,410		321,410
Capital equipment and infrastructure		_		_		_		495,183		495,183
Subsequent year's budget: appropriation of fund balance		4,371,206		_		_		-		4,371,206
General government programs		-		_		109,464		-		109,464
Unassigned		20,523,010		-		-		-		20,523,010
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		26,069,566	-	26,572,971		109,464		6,059,126		58,811,127
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	-	-,,-		-//-	_	,		-77		
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	44,922,842	\$	28,055,895	\$	1,883,715	\$	7,356,230	\$	82,218,682

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2023

Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because: Capital assets used in the governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as risk management, employee benefits, and vehicle maintenance, to individual funds. Assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. Internal service fund net position is: Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as unavailable revenues in the funds. Property taxes Property taxes I18,616 Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Accrued interest Compensated absences (2,213,681) Contracts payable Net pension liability Net deferred inflows(outflows) - pension expense (6,302,859)	Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds (page 3)		\$ 58,811,127
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as risk management, employee benefits, and vehicle maintenance, to individual funds. Assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. Internal service fund net position is: Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as unavailable revenues in the funds. Property taxes Property taxes I18,616 Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Accrued interest Compensated absences Contracts payable Net pension liability Net deferred inflows(outflows) - pension expense 886,483			
activities, such as risk management, employee benefits, and vehicle maintenance, to individual funds. Assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. 27,310 Internal service fund net position is: Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as unavailable revenues in the funds. Property taxes 118,616 Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Accrued interest Compensated absences Contracts payable Contracts payable Net pension liability Net deferred inflows(outflows) - pension expense 886,483			82,543,196
Internal service fund net position is: Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as unavailable revenues in the funds. Property taxes Property taxes I18,616 Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Accrued interest Compensated absences Contracts payable Contracts payable Net pension liability Net deferred inflows(outflows) - pension expense 27,310 27,310	activities, such as risk management, employee benefits, and vehicle maintenance, to individual funds. Assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net		
Property taxes Property taxes 118,616 Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Accrued interest Compensated absences Contracts payable Contracts payable Net pension liability Net deferred inflows(outflows) - pension expense 118,616 118,616 (20,042) (22,13,681) (1,625,000) (1,625,000) 886,483	•		27,310
Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Accrued interest (20,042) Compensated absences (2,213,681) Contracts payable (1,625,000) Net pension liability (3,330,619) Net deferred inflows(outflows) - pension expense 886,483			
Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Accrued interest (20,042) Compensated absences (2,213,681) Contracts payable (1,625,000) Net pension liability (3,330,619) Net deferred inflows(outflows) - pension expense 886,483	Property taxes	118,616	118 616
Compensated absences (2,213,681) Contracts payable (1,625,000) Net pension liability (3,330,619) Net deferred inflows(outflows) - pension expense 886,483			118,010
(0,302,637)	Compensated absences Contracts payable Net pension liability	(2,213,681) (1,625,000) (3,330,619)	(6 302 859)
Rounding (3)	Rounding		

Total net position of governmental activities (page 1)

\$ 135,197,387

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

					OTHER AMERICAN NONMAJOR RESCUE PLAN GOVERNMENTAL			TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL		
REVENUES		GENERAL		SPLOST	K	ACT	GO	FUNDS	GU	FUNDS
Taxes	\$	34,176,478	\$	13,683,696	\$	-	\$	1,078,186	\$	48,938,360
Licenses and permits	-	1,559,760	*	-	-	_	*	-	*	1,559,760
Intergovernmental		609,918		-		1,363,570		2,950,168		4,923,656
Fines and forfeitures		650,920		-		-		149,438		800,358
Charges for services		2,990,503		-		-		2,176,729		5,167,232
Contributions and donations		98,543		-		-		439,201		537,744
Investment income		1,279,823		1,004,600		94,052		197,935		2,576,410
Miscellaneous		183,855		-		- 1		- ′		183,855
TOTAL REVENUES	_	41,549,800	_	14,688,296		1,457,622		6,991,657		64,687,375
EXPENDITURES										
Current Expenditures										
General government		6,100,246		37,134		17,359		13,817		6,168,556
Judicial		4,482,006		-		2,873		516,806		5,001,685
Public safety		17,319,436		59,684		1,281,842		1,747,281		20,408,243
Public works		2,016,028		51,365		55,542		599,029		2,721,964
Public health and welfare		388,286		- 1		506		853,893		1,242,685
Recreation and culture		2,175,839		3,301		1,575		26,459		2,207,174
Housing and development		1,306,347		-		3,873		1,049,517		2,359,737
Intergovernmental		40,000		1,190,482		- 1		- ' '		1,230,482
Capital outlay		36,672		9,139,225		_		3,978,826		13,154,723
Debt service		,		-,,				- , ,-		-, - , -
Principal		290,000		-		-		-		290,000
Interest		52,368		-		-		-		52,368
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		34,207,228		10,481,191		1,363,570		8,785,628		54,837,617
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER(UNDER)										
EXPENDITURES		7,342,572		4,207,105		94,052		(1,793,971)		9,849,758
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			_	,,	_	- ,		())	_	.,,
Sale of county property		4,500		_		_		96,617		101,117
Transfers in		203,111		_		_		1,336,470		1,539,581
Transfers out		(1,336,470)		(67,948)		_		(146,528)		(1,550,946)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	(1,128,859)	_	(67,948)	_	-		1,286,559		89,752
			_							
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		6,213,713		4,139,157		94,052		(507,412)		9,939,510
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year	_	19,855,853	_	22,433,814	_	15,412		6,566,538	_	48,871,617
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$	26,069,566	\$	26,572,971	\$	109,464	\$	6,059,126	\$	58,811,127

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Net change in fund balances (page 5)		\$ 9,939,510
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlays Depreciation expense	13,154,723 (7,235,718)	5,919,005
In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of various equipment is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the equipment sold. Net book value of equipment sold	(40,519)	(40,519)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes Donated assets	118,616 26,723	145,339
Revenues reported in the funds that relate to prior years are not reported as revenue in the statement		
of activities. Property taxes	(78,045)	(78,045)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, where as these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Principal payments on long-term debt Accrued interest payable, current year	290,000 (20,042)	
Accrued interest payable, prior year Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and,	23,618	293,576
therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences, current year Compensated absences, prior year	(2,213,681) 1,892,940	(320,741)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as risk management, employee benefits, and vehicle maintenance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expenses) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		103,107
Net pension liability is not available during the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds. End of year Beginning of year	(3,330,619) 1,594,316	(1,736,303)
Changes in the ACCG pension plan actuarial assumptions are reported in deferred outflows and inflows. End of year - deferred outflows related to pension Beginning of year - deferred outflows related to pension Beginning of year - deferred inflows related to pension	886,483 (130,340) 766,587	1,522,730
Rounding		(4)
		A 15747 (55
Changes in net position of governmental activities (page 2)		\$ 15,747,655

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2023

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES -INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES-ENTERPRISE FUNDS

ASSETS	SOLID WASTE	NON-MAJOR DCAR GIS	TOTAL	FLEET FUEL AND MAINTENANCE
Current Assets				
Cash	\$ 185	\$ -	\$ 185	\$ -
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	126,033	-	126,033	20,049
Interfund receivables	1,361,836	-	1,361,836	33,292
Inventories	1 400 054		1 400 054	118,066
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	1,488,054		1,488,054	171,407
Noncurrent Assets				
Capital assets Capital assets not being depreciated	1,328,026		1,328,026	
Capital assets being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated	1,293,425	413.850	1,707,275	1,450,726
Less: accumulated depreciation	(818,945)	(413,850)	(1,232,795)	(199,944)
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS (NET OF ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION)	1,802,506	- (115,650)	1,802,506	1,250,782
TOTAL CALITY LINES LIST (NET OF ACCOMPLIATED BETALONTION)	1,002,500		1,002,500	1,230,702
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	1,802,506		1,802,506	1,250,782
TOTAL ASSETS	3,290,560		3,290,560	1,422,189
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	10,984	-	10,984	63,652
Other accrued items	5,518	-	5,518	4,347
Accrued landfill closure/postclosure	22,000		22,000	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	38,502		38,502	67,999
Long-term Liabilities				
Accrued landfill closure/postclosure	841,074		841,074	
TOTAL LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	841,074		841,074	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	879,576		879,576	67,999
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	1,802,506	-	1,802,506	1,250,782
Unrestricted	608,478	-	608,478	103,408
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2,410,984	\$ -	2,410,984	\$ 1,354,190
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to Net position of business-type activities	enterprise funds		76,098 \$ 2,487,082	

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

GOVERNMENTAL

15,905

ACTIVITIES -INTERNAL **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES -**SERVICE ENTERPRISE FUNDS **FUNDS** NON-MAJOR FLEET FUEL AND SOLID WASTE TOTAL MAINTENANCE DCAR GIS OPERATING REVENUES Charges for sales and services: Refuse collection \$ 195,675 \$ 195,675 Landfill fees 423,215 423,215 Recycling and transfer fees 25,030 25,030 Charges to other funds 420,781 Total Operating Revenues 643,920 643,920 420,781 OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and benefits 262,376 262,376 273,644 60,012 Other services and charges 167,321 167,321 Insurance premiums 2,372 52 201 52,201 Depreciation 49,418 65,444 Professional fees 65,444 27,050 27,050 Repairs and maintenance **Total Operating Expenses** 574,392 574,392 385,446 OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) 69,528 69,528 35,335 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 1,873 1,873 Operating grants Intergovernmental income 910 Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 1,873 1,873 910 INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS 71,401 71,401 36,245 Transfer in 67,948 34,668 34,668 (91,2<u>51)</u> (91,251) Transfer out CHANGE IN NET POSITION 106,069 (91,251) 14,818 104,193 2,396,166 1,249,997 TOTAL NET POSITION, Beginning of year 2,304,915 91,251 TOTAL NET POSITION, End of year 2,410,984 2,410,984 1,354,190 Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds 1,087

Change in net position of business-type activities

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

GOVERNMENTAL
ACTIVITIES INTERNAL
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUNDS
EURODS
EURODS

	E	FUNDS		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Internal activity-payments from (to) other funds	SOLID WASTE \$ 658,159 (216,092) (259,822)	NON-MAJOR DCAR GIS \$ 92,237 120 (1,106)	TOTAL \$ 750,396 (215,972) (260,928)	FLEET FUEL AND MAINTENANCE \$ - (153,363) (273,824) 426,277
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	182,245	91,251	273,496	(910)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Contributions	1,873		1,873	
Net Cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	1,873	_	1,873	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets Intergovernmental revenue Transfers in-capital Transfers out	(218,786)	(91,251)	(218,786) - 34,668 (91,251)	(67,948) 910 67,948
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(184,118)	(91,251)	(275,369)	910
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning of year	185		185	
CASH, End of year	\$ 185	\$ -	\$ 185	<u>\$</u> -

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

(CONTINUED)		GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS						
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME	DI	SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL FACILITY		NON-MAJOR DCAR GIS		TOTAL		ET FUEL AND INTENANCE
(LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	\$	69,528	\$	-	\$	69,528	\$	35,335
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Depreciation (Increase) decrease in:		52,201		-		52,201		49,418
Accounts receivable		(40,602)		-		(40,602)		1,600
Due from other funds		54,841		92,237		147,078		3,896
Inventory		-		-		-		(10,716)
Prepaid expenses		-		120		120		-
Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable		(12,740)				(12,740)		6,575
Accounts payable Accrued landfill costs		56,463		-		56,463		0,373
Other accrued items		2,554		(1,106)		1,448		(180)
Due to other funds		-		- (1,100)	_			(86,838)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	182,245	\$	91,251	\$	273,496	\$	(910)
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH ACTIVITIES Landfill post-closure estimate adjustment	\$	(64,243)	\$	_	\$	(64,243)	\$	

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS December 31, 2023

CUSTODIAL FUNDS ASSETS Cash 4,281,263 TOTAL ASSETS 4,281,263 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable 3,182,672 TOTAL LIABILITIES 3,182,672 NET POSITION Restricted for others 1,098,591 TOTAL NET POSITION 1,098,591

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	CUST	ODIAL FUNDS
ADDITIONS		
Taxes collected for other entities	\$	54,209,772
Fees collected for other entities		3,921,326
Court individual cases		1,004,264
TOTAL ADDITIONS		59,135,362
DEDUCTIONS		
Payments of taxes to other entities		54,209,772
Payments of fees to other entities		3,340,593
Payments to others		1,710,002
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		59,260,367
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(125,005)
TOTAL NET POSITION, Beginning of year		1,223,596
TOTAL NET POSITION, End of year	\$	1,098,591

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA COMPONENT UNITS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2023

	DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF DAWSON COUNTY	INDUSTRIAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF DAWSON COUNTY	DAWSON COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT	TOTAL
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 299,958	\$ 168,411	\$ 583,501	\$ 1,051,870
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	1,500	-	84,262	85,762
Prepaid items	2,830	2,790	-	5,620
Non-current assets:				
Net OPEB asset	-	-	55,665	55,665
Capital assets:				
Capital assets not being depreciated	-	24,592	-	24,592
Capital assets being depreciated	10,562	4,039	-	14,601
Less: accumulated depreciation	(8,833)	(4,039)		(12,872)
Capital assets, net of depreciation	1,729	24,592		26,321
TOTAL ASSETS	306,017	195,793	723,428	1,225,238
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension expense			742,359	742,359
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF				
RESOURCES	-	-	742,359	742,359
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED				
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	306,017	195,793	1,465,787	1,967,597
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year Compensated absences payable Due in more than one year Net pension liability TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension expense TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,422	- - - - - -	25,829 61,540 1,198,584 1,285,953 110,468 110,468 1,396,421	27,251 61,540 1,198,584 1,287,375 110,468 110,468 1,397,843
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted TOTAL NET POSITION	1,729 302,866 \$ 304,595	24,592 171,201 \$ 195,793	69,366 \$ 69,366	26,321 543,433 \$ 569,754

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA COMPONENT UNITS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		•••••	.PROGRAM REVE	NUES	NET (EXPI	(EXPENSE) AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INDUSTRIAL						
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS COMPONENT UNITS GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF DAWSON COUNTY	DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF DAWSON COUNTY	DAWSON COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT	TOTAL				
Dawson County Health Department Total Governmental Activities BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	\$ 1,103,661 1,103,661	\$ 285,707 285,707	\$ 621,518 621,518	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ (196,436) (196,436)	(196,436) (196,436)				
Development Authority of Dawson County Industrial Building Authority of	1,420,211	1,500	1,516,505	-	97,794	-	-	97,794				
Dawson County Total Business-Type Activities	4,290 1,424,501	1,500	1,516,505		97,794	(4,290) (4,290)		<u>(4,290)</u> 93,504				
TOTAL COMPONENT UNITS	\$ 2,528,162	\$ 287,207	\$ 2,138,023	<u>\$</u> -	97,794	(4,290)	(196,436)	(102,932)				
GENERAL REVENUES Unrestricted investment earnin TOTAL GENERAL REVENUE CHANGES IN NET POSITION	-	FERS			349 349 98,143	5,606 5,606 1,316	- (196,436)	5,955 5,955 (96,977)				
NET POSITION, Beginning PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT NET POSITION, Beginning as rest	ated				206,452 - 206,452	194,477 - 194,477	236,538 29,264 265,802	637,467 29,264 666,731				
NET POSITION, Ending					\$ 304,595	\$ 195,793	\$ 69,366	\$ 569,754				

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Dawson County, Georgia, have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

REPORTING ENTITY

The County is a political subdivision of the State of Georgia governed by an elected Chairman and a four-member commission. In addition, there are four Constitutional Officers; the Tax Commissioner, Probate Court Judge, Sheriff, and Clerk of Superior Court. The Constitutional Officers are elected county wide. The Board of County Commissioners budgets and approves all funding used by the separate Constitutional Officers. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the County and its component units, entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the County.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The Development Authority of Dawson County (Development Authority) is a legally separate entity. The seven-member board is appointed by the Board of Commissioners of Dawson County. There is the potential for financial benefit or burden to the primary government. The Development Authority's purpose is to encourage economic development in Dawson County. The Development Authority's year end is December 31. A copy of the Development Authority of Dawson County's financial statements can be obtained from 44 Commerce Drive, Dawsonville. GA 30534. The Development Authority is presented as a business fund type.

The Industrial Building Authority of Dawson County (Building Authority) is a legally separate entity. The Board of Commissioners of Dawson County appoints the five-member board. There is the potential for financial benefit or burden to the primary government. The purpose of the Building Authority is to acquire and develop property in Dawson County. The Industrial Building Authority's year end is December 31. A copy of the Industrial Building Authority of Dawson County's financial statements can be obtained from 44 Commerce Drive, Dawsonville. GA 30534. The Building Authority is presented as a business fund type.

The Dawson County Health Department (Health Department) is charged with determining the health needs and resources of its jurisdiction, developing programs, activities, and facilities responsive to those needs, and enforcing all laws related to health matters unless they fall under the jurisdiction of other agencies. The Dawson County Board of Health (Board) governs the Health Department. The County appoints the voting majority of the Board. Additionally, the Health Department is fiscally dependent on the County since it must have its budget approved by the County. The Health Department's fiscal year end is June 30. A copy of the Dawson County Health Department's financial statements can be obtained from 54 Highway 53 East, Dawsonville, Georgia 30534. The Health Department is presented as a governmental fund type.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statement. Fiduciary funds use the economic resources measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers property taxes and other revenues susceptible to accrual are considered available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period for which they are imposed with the exception of federal and state grant revenue, which has a 12 month availability period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales tax, franchise taxes, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The SPLOST Capital Projects Fund accounts for funds received from a local 1% sales tax reserved for construction of various capital projects.

The American Rescue Plan Act Fund accounts for funds received for relief to address the continued impact of COVID-19 on the economy, public health, state and local governments, individuals, and businesses.

The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Solid Waste Disposal Facility Enterprise Fund accounts for the activities of the County's solid waste transfer station.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

The *Special revenue funds* are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or donor restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The Capital projects funds account for acquisition and construction of the County's capital assets.

The *Internal Service Funds* account for operations that provide services to the other departments or agencies of the government on a cost reimbursement basis. The County uses an internal service fund to account for fuel and fleet maintenance.

The *Custodial Funds* account for assets held by the government as an agent for the Tax Commissioner, Clerk of Court, Probate Court, Magistrate Court, Juvenile Court, Sheriff, and Inmate Fund. Custodial funds are accounted for on the full accrual basis of accounting.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues for the Solid Waste Disposal Facility enterprise fund, DCAR GIS enterprise fund, and of the County's Internal Service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments are recorded as fair value based on quoted market prices as of the balance sheet date. Increases or decreases in fair value during the year are recognized as part of investment income.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "interfund receivables/payables." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance of uncollectibles.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. The taxes for the 2023 digest year were levied on August 4, 2023, billed on September 12, 2023 and payable on December 1, 2023. Interest and penalties are assessed on taxes not paid by this date. The taxes are subject to lien 90 days after the due date. Property taxes levied during 2023 are to fund operations for the County's fiscal year beginning January 1, 2024.

The County's property taxes were levied on the assessed values of all real and personal property including mobile homes and motor vehicles located in the County.

The County bills and collects its own property taxes and also those for the School Board. Only the County's tax levy is recognized as revenue when levied and uncollected taxes are recorded as unavailable and unearned revenue in the general fund.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories, consisting of expendable supplies, not held for resale are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expense when consumed rather than when purchased.

Bond Premiums and Discounts

Premiums and discounts, if applicable, are deferred and amortized over the lives of the bonds and loans on a straight-line basis, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the County's financed purchases or debt issues, or funds held on the account of others, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable lease or debt agreements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, culverts, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of three years.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the County chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized during fiscal year 2023.

Property, plant, and equipment are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Asset</u>	<u>Years</u>	<u>Asset</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	40	Vehicles	3-5
Nonstructural improvements	7-10	Furniture and fixtures	5
Machinery and equipment	5-10	Infrastructure	20

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County can have two items that qualify for reporting in this category. These two items may consist of the deferred charge on refunding and deferred charge in pension expense. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The amortization is part of the interest expense for the year. The deferred charge in pension expense represents differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors in the measurement of the total pension liability and changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or of other inputs. These deferred outflows will be recognized in pension expense using a systematic and rational method over a closed five-year period, beginning in the current reporting period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County can have several items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is deferred inflows related to pension expense, which represents differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors in the measurement of the total pension liability and changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or of other inputs. These deferred inflows will be recognized in pension expense using a systematic and rational method over a closed five-year period, beginning with the current reporting period. The second item is deferred inflows related to lease receipts, which recognizes the payments received for lease agreements as revenue over the life of the lease term. The remaining two items consist of unavailable revenue and deferred revenue. Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet and only arises under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds may report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and special assessments. Deferred revenue reports the property taxes collected to fund the following fiscal year.

Compensated Absences

In 2020, the County revised its paid time off policy. The County no longer accrues both sick leave and personal leave. There is one accrual for Paid Time Off (PTO). At the time of the change, any employee who had been employed longer than 5 years and had accumulated sick leave, those hours were put into a sick bank and available for future use. All personal leave hours were transferred into the new PTO bank, as well as all accumulated sick leave hours for employees who had been employed less than 5 years. Maximum accrual amount of PTO is 480 hours. Only full-time employees accumulate PTO. Unused hours, of both the PTO and the sick leave bank, are paid out to employees in good standing upon their resignation or retirement.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia (ACCG) Dawson County Defined Benefit Plan (the ACCG Plan) and additions to/from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Leases

Lessor

The County is a lessor for noncancellable leases of land. The County recognizes a lease receivable and deferred inflow of lease receipts in both the fund level and government-wide financial statements. The County recognizes lease receivables with an initial, individual value of \$50,000 or more.

At the commencement of the lease, the County initially measures the lease receivable of the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of the lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

The County uses the interest rate as the discount rate. When the interest rate is not provided, the County generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option prices that the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and related deferred inflows if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Fund Equity/Net Position

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

Fund balance - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when the amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash like inventories and prepaid items) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Committed Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Commissioners through the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year. In order to modify or rescind the commitment, the Board of Commissioners must adopt another resolution.
- Assigned Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Through resolution, the Board of Commissioners has authorized the County's Chief Financial Officer to assign fund balances.

• *Unassigned* - Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The County reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all other governmental funds.

Net position - Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any debt used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. In determining the outstanding balance of any borrowing, proceeds of that debt which has not been spent is deducted. Accounts payable for costs related to acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets is considered debt for this calculation. Net position is reported as restricted as described in the fund balance section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then committed, assigned, and unassigned (or unrestricted) resources as they are needed.

Net Investment in Capital Assets

The "net investment in capital assets" reported on the government-wide statement of net position as of December 31, 2023, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Net investment in capital assets:		_
Cost of capital assets	\$ 210,058,154	\$ 3,035,301
Less accumulated depreciation	(127,514,958)	(1,232,795)
Book value	82,543,196	1,802,506
Less capital related debt	(1,625,000)	-
Less accounts payable related to construction	(770,534)	
Total net investment in capital assets	\$ 80,147,662	\$ 1,802,506

Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION

The government-wide statement of net position reports \$32,369,409 of restricted net position, of which \$27,412,496 is restricted by enabling legislation.

Additional details related to fund balances at the governmental fund level are presented below:

Restricted:

General Fund	
Public Safety programs - For funds restricted for sheriff facilities and equipment.	\$ 137,035
Health and Welfare programs - For funds restricted for the Senior Center.	71,593
Parks and Recreation programs - For funds restricted for recreation facilities and	•
equipment.	23,868
Total Restricted General Fund	232,496
SPLOST Fund	
Capital outlay projects - For funds received from the imposition of the Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST) restricted by the voter approved referendum.	26,572,971
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	
Impact Fee projects -	
Impact Fee Fund - For funds received from impact fees that have not been spent.	3,927,955
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
Opioid Settlement -	
Multiple Grants Fund - To account for funds received from the national opioid	
settlement.	112,824
Judicial Programs -	
District Attorney Seizure Fund - To account for 10% collected of all funds subject to forfeiture laws as specified.	9,171
Victims Rights and Assistance Fund - To account for funds collected from fines and forfeitures to be used for assisting victims of crime.	62,285
Law Library Fund - To account for funds collected from fines and forfeitures to be	,
used for the operation of the Law Library.	51,516
Multiple Grants Fund - To account for funds received from grants restricted by	•
grantors for various judicial programs.	257,622
Drug Abuse Treatment and Education Fund - To account for funds collected from fines	
and forfeitures to be used to create and maintain drug education programs.	58,640
Restricted for Judicial programs	439,234
Public Safety programs -	
Emergency E911 Telephone Services Fund - To account for funds to operate the E911	
center as restricted by the OCGA-46-5.	121,209
Jail Fund - To account for funds collected from fines and forfeitures to be used for	
maintenance of the County Jail.	269,940

Inmate Welfare Fund - To account for funds legally restricted for the benefit of detainees in the County Jail.	93,323
Sheriff Seizure Fund - To account for funds seized in acts of violation of specific laws to be used to fund victim-witness assistance programs.	20,591
Restricted Programs Fund - To account for funds collected from fines and forfeitures to be used for drug abuse, treatment and education programs, and victims	,,
assistance programs.	57,457
Restricted for Public Safety programs	562,520
Housing and Development programs -	
Restricted Programs Fund - To account for funds received from Family Connections which are used to support mental wellness and family stability in Dawson County.	
	166,357
Hotel/Motel Tax Fund - To account for funds received from Hotel/Motel tax	
collections which are used to support tourism in Dawson County.	355,053
Restricted for Housing and Development programs	521,410
Total Restricted Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	1,635,988
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 32,369,410
Assigned:	
General Fund	
Appropriated as a resource in next year's budget.	\$ 4,371,206
American Rescue Plan Act Fund	
For general government programs.	109,464
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	405 102
State Road Fund - For road infrastructure & maintenance.	495,183
Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 4,975,853

NOTE 3 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund and special revenue funds. Project length budgets are adopted for the Capital Projects Funds. Annual operating budgets are prepared for each Enterprise and Internal Service Fund for planning, control, cost allocation, and evaluation purposes. Budgetary amounts are not formally integrated into proprietary fund general ledgers. All unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end with all encumbered appropriations being carried into the following budget year.

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

In the summer (July to August) of each year, all agencies of the County submit requests for appropriation to the Finance Department so that a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by fund, function, activity, and line item, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates, and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.

Before December 1, the proposed budget is presented to the County's Board of Commissioners for review. The County's Board of Commissioners holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget. Any changes in the budget must be within the revenues and reserves estimated as available by the Chief Financial Officer or the revenue estimates must be changed by an affirmative vote of a majority of the County's Board of Commissioners.

Because a budget is not a fixed revenue and spending plan, they require adjustments and amendments from time to time. The Chief Financial Officer is authorized to approve any transfer of appropriations in any fund among the various accounts within a department or agency so long as the total budget for each department or agency is not increased.

During the year, the Commissioners authorized amendments to include appropriations for some activities that were not originally budgeted and to reclassify certain character and functional expenditures.

DEFICIT NET POSITION

There are no funds with deficits.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned. The County's policy permits the County to exceed the FDIC insured limit in making deposits in commercial banks and savings and loans institutions if the funds are otherwise adequately secured.

As of December 31, 2023, these deposits were fully insured and collateralized.

Depositories may secure deposits of public funds using the dedicated method or the pooled method as described below:

Under the *dedicated method*, a depository shall secure the deposits of each of its public depositors separately. State statutes require collateral pledged in the amount of 110% of deposits.

Under the *pooled method*, a depository shall secure deposits of public bodies which have deposits with it through a pool of collateral established by the depository with a custodian for the benefit of public bodies having deposits with such depository as set forth in code Section 45-8-13.1. State statutes require collateral pledged in the amount of 110% of deposits under the single bank pooled method or at least 100% of amounts greater than 20% of the daily pool balance held by any one covered depository under the multibank pooled method.

The County utilized the pooled method to secure deposits of public funds.

As of December 31, 2023, the County had the following investments:

INVESTMENT MATURITIES (in Years)/FMV Level

		I	Less Than 1/	Rating
Investment Type:	Fair Value	F	MV Level 1	(1)
Public Certificate of Deposits	\$ 18,089,031	\$	18,089,031	AAA
Money Market	 3,391,078		3,391,078	N/A
Total Debt Securities	\$ 21,480,109	\$	21,480,109	
Maximum Investment			100.00 %	
1. Standard & Poors				

A hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available was establish. Level 1 within the hierarchy states that valuations are based on unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets in active markets. Level 2 within the hierarchy states that valuations are based on observable inputs other than Level 1 process, such as quoted prices for similar assets, quoted prices in inactive markets and other inputs that may be corroborated by observable market data. Level 3 assets are not actively traded, and their values can only be estimated using a combination of complex market prices, mathematical models, and subjective assumptions.

As of December 31, 2023, the only assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis in periods subsequent to initial recognition are investments. Such investments are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy.

Cash per financial statements (page 1)	
Cash	\$ 51,835,433
Restricted cash	7,819
Cash held by Fiduciary Funds (page 11)	4,281,263
Deposits	\$ 56,124,515
Investments per financial statements Investments	\$ 21,480,109
Investments as listed above	\$ 21,480,109

The goal of the County in investing is to obtain a reasonable return on investments with a minimum exposure to potential loss of capital due to market fluctuations.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates may adversely affect an investment's fair value. Since the price of a bond fluctuates with market interest rates, the risk an investor faces is that the price of a bond held in a portfolio will decline if market interest rates rise. Dawson County has a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates as follows:

Under 30 days	10% minimum	Under 1 year	75% minimum
Under 90 days	25% minimum	Under 2 years	100% minimum
Under 180 days	50% minimum		

Credit Risk

State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury (100%) and of its agencies and instrumentalities (80%); bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state and of its agencies and instrumentalities (25%); certificates of deposits of banks insured by FDIC (75%); prime bankers' acceptance (10%); the State of Georgia Local Government Investment Pool (100%); repurchase agreements (25%); bonds, debentures, notes or other evidence of indebtedness of any solvent corporation subject to certain conditions (0%). Dawson County has an investment policy that prohibits the use of derivatives as an investment. They limit the amount that may be invested in certain types of investments. At December 31, 2023, the percentages are shown above.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Dawson County places limits on the amount it may invest in any one issuer as follows: Repurchase agreements - 10%; certificate of deposits - 35%; prime bankers acceptances - 10%.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County has a policy of placing investments with qualified financial institutions. As of December 31, 2023, all investments are adequately secured with insurance.

NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the County's individual major funds and nonmajor governmental and Internal Service Funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	General			Nonmajor overnmental	_	nternal Service
Governmental Activities:	Fund		SPLOST	Funds		Funds
Receivables:						
Taxes	\$ 1,059,193	\$	1,459,335	\$ -	\$	-
Accounts	4,403,307		179,597	549,894		-
Intergovernmental	 108,842	_	-	 434,653		20,049
Total Gross Receivables	5,571,342		1,638,932	984,547		20,049
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles	 (2,327,657)	_		 		
Total Net Receivables	\$ 3,243,685	\$	1,638,932	\$ 984,547	\$	20,049

Property taxes receivable at December 31, 2023, consist of the following:

DIGEST	GENERAL
<u>YEAR</u>	<u>FUND</u>
2024	\$ 15,930
2023	938,282
2022	75,621
2021	11,419
2020	3,483
2019	4,769
2018	3,575
2017	1,017
2016	1,724
2015	1,084
2014 and prior	2,289
Total	\$ 1,059,193

^{(1) 2024} only consists of taxes due on mobile homes. Taxes on real and personal property are not levied until after fiscal year end. Therefore, they are not included.

Receivables as of year-end for the County's enterprise funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

Business-type Activities: Receivables:		lid Waste osal Facility
Accounts	<u>\$</u>	126,033
Total Gross Receivables Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles		126,033
Total Net Receivables	\$	126,033

⁽²⁾ General fund amounts include interest, penalties, and other costs assessed up to December 31, 2023.

Governmental funds report deferred inflows in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred inflows reported as unavailable revenue and unearned revenue in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unavailable		 Unearned
Delinquent property taxes receivable (General Fund)	\$	118,616	\$ -
Property taxes collected for next fiscal year (General		-	14,630,221
Fund)			
Lease Receipts (General Fund)		444,000	-
Grant proceeds prior to meeting all eligibility			
requirements (American Rescue Plan Act Fund)		-	1,396,469
Opioid Settlement not received (Multiple Grants Fund)		443,028	-
Deferred prepaid transit fees (Multiple Grants Fund)		-	 116
Total unavailable/unearned revenue for governmental			
funds	\$	1,005,644	\$ 16,026,806

Receivables as of year-end for the County's component units, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	Development Authority			Health Department		
Receivables:						
Accounts	\$	1,500	\$	84,262		
Intergovernmental						
Total Gross Receivables		1,500		84,262		
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles						
Total Net Receivables	\$	1,500	\$	84,262		

LEASE RECEIVABLES

On October 1, 2020, the County modified a thirty year lease agreement with Etowah Valley Sporting Clays Park, LLC for the lease of buildings. Based on this agreement, the County is receiving monthly variable payments through April of 2035. There are no additional renewal options included with this lease agreement.

The County is reporting leases receivable of \$388,125 at December 31, 2023. For 2023, the Authority reported lease revenue of \$39,176 and interest revenue of \$4,572 related to lease payments received. These leases are summarized as follows:

	<u>Deferred</u>						
	Inflows related	<u>Lease</u>					
<u>Lease</u>	<u>Lease</u> <u>to lease receipts</u> <u>Lease</u>						
Receivable		Revenue	Revenue				
\$ 388,125	\$ 444,000	\$ 39,176	\$ 4,572				
\$ 388,125	\$ 444,000	\$ 39,176	\$ 4,572				
	Receivable \$ 388,125	Lease Receivable \$ 388,125 \ \$ 444,000 \]	Lease ReceivableInflows related to lease receiptsLease Revenue\$ 388,125\$ 444,000\$ 39,176				

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Capital asset activity for governmental activities the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

Governmental Activities:		ginning alance		Additions	Re	etirements	<u>Transfers</u>		Ending Balance
Non-Depreciable Assets: Infrastructure land and improvements Construction in progress		,125,962	\$	3,172,195	\$	(5,010)	\$ - _(1,080,442)	\$	14,120,952 3,955,072
Total non-depreciable capital assets	15	,989,281	_	3,172,195	_	(5,010)	(1,080,442)	_	18,076,024
Depreciable Assets:									
Buildings and improvements	63	,327,802		1,627,834		-	907,714		65,863,350
Machinery and equipment	14	,161,892		733,705		(60,530)	172,728		15,007,795
Furniture and fixtures	1	,266,842		-		-	-		1,266,842
Vehicles	14	,724,546		1,779,132		(284,364)	-		16,219,314
Infrastructure	87	,688,302		5,936,527		-	-		93,624,829
Total depreciable capital assets	181	,169,384	_	10,077,198		(344,894)	1,080,442	Ξ	191,982,130
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:									
Buildings and improvements	(20	,714,308)		(2,039,814)		-	_		(22,754,122)
Machinery and equipment		,322,452)		(813,058)		60,530	_		(13,074,980)
Furniture and fixtures	,	,266,841)		- 1		-	_		(1,266,841)
Vehicles	<u>(</u> 9	,993,798)		(1,690,967)		248,855	_		(11,435,910)
Infrastructure		,241,808)		(2,741,297)		- 1	-		(78,983,105)
Total accumulated depreciation		,539,207)		(7,285,136)		309,385		(127,514,958)
Total depreciable capital assets, net	60	,630,177	_	2,792,062	_	(35,509)	1,080,442	_	64,467,172
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 76	,619,458	\$	5,964,257	\$	(40,519)	\$ -	\$	82,543,196

Additions to governmental activities capital assets for fiscal year ending December 31, 2023 consist of the following:

Capital Outlay	\$	13,154,722
Internal Service Fund asset additions		67,948
Donated vehicles		26,723
Total	\$	13,249,393
Non-depreciable capital assets additions	\$	3,172,195
Depreciable capital assets additions		10,077,198
Total	Φ	13,249,393

Capital asset activity for business-type activities the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

Business-type Activities:	Beginning Balance		Additions		Retirements		Transfers		Ending Balance	
Non-Depreciable Assets:										
Land and improvements	\$	1,122,008	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,122,008
Construction in progress		21,900		184,118		-		-		206,018
Total non-depreciable capital assets	_	1,143,908		184,118	_			-	-	1,328,026
Depreciable Assets:										
Buildings and improvements		716,969		-		-		-		716,969
Machinery and equipment		884,137		-		-		-		884,137
Vehicles		71,501		34,668		-		-		106,169
Total depreciable capital assets	_	1,672,607	_	34,668				-	- —	1,707,275
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:										
Buildings		(330,432)		(17,139)		-		-		(347,571)
Machinery and equipment		(809,304)		(24,387)		-		-		(833,691)
Vehicles		(40,859)		(10,674)		-		-		(51,533)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(1,180,595)	_	(52,200)		-		-	_	(1,232,795)
Total depreciable capital assets, net	_	492,012		(17,532)				-	_	474,480
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$</u>	1,635,920	\$	166,586	\$		\$	-	\$	1,802,506

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 963,579
Judicial	6,831
Public Safety	2,273,625
Public Works	3,087,362
Public Health and Welfare	110,322
Recreation and Culture	766,313
Housing and Development	27,686
Internal Service Fund	49,418
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 7,285,136
Business-type Activities:	
Solid Waste	\$ 52,200
Total depreciation expense-business-type activities	\$ 52,200

The County has authorized construction projects. The remaining costs are split between the portion of the contracts that have been entered into for which the work had not been done prior to December 31, 2023, and the remainder of the authorized project expenditure for which contracts have not been entered into as of year end.

The source of financing for the remaining project cost is noted below:

	Project Authorization	Expended To Date	Contracts in Progress	Authorized Not Obligated	Source
Governmental Activities:					
Security System Upgrades	\$ 3,000,001	\$1,887,803	\$ 335,482	\$ 776,716	SPLOST VI/Capital
					Projects/Jail
EOC Building	4,000,000	91,050	192,000	3,716,950	SPLOST VII
Public Health Building	4,338	4,100	-	238	SPLOST VI/Capital Projects
RCP	110,745	21,665	-	89,080	SPLOST VI & Impact Fees
Radio Systems	10,996,814	830,199	918,228	9,248,387	SPLOST VI/SPLOST VII
Vehicles - Firetucks (2)	2,092,839	1,046,420	1,046,419	-	SPLOST VII
Site Improvements	98,835	73,835		25,000	SPLOST VI
	\$ 20,303,572	\$3,955,072	\$ 2,492,129	\$ 13,856,371	
Business-type Activities:					
Recycling	\$ 350,000	\$ 198,318	\$ -	\$ 151,682	Solid Waste Enterprise
Landfill Gas Reconstruction	42,300	7,700	7,300	27,300	Solid Waste Enterprise
Water and Sewerage Projects	\$ 392,300	\$ 206,018	\$ 7,300	\$ 178,982	•

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

Activity for the *Development Authority* for the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

	В	eginning]	Ending
	E	Balance	Additions		Retirements		I	Balance
Business-Type Activities:								
Depreciable Assets:								
Furniture and equipment	\$	10,562	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,562
Total depreciable capital assets		10,562				-		10,562
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Furniture and equipment		(8,184)		(649)		-		(8,833)
Total accumulated depreciation		(8,184)		(649)		-		(8,833)
Total depreciable capital assets, net		2,378		-		-		1,729
Capital Assets, net	\$	2,378	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,729

Activity for the *Industrial Building Authority* for the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance			Additions		tirements	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:							
Non-depreciable assets							
Land and improvements	\$	24,592	\$	-	. \$		\$ 24,592
Total non-depreciable capital assets		24,592		-		-	 24,592
Depreciable Assets:							
Buildings and improvements		-		-		-	-
Infrastructure		4,039		-		-	4,039
Total depreciable capital assets		4,039		-		-	 4,039
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements		-		-		-	-
Infrastructure		(4,039)		-		-	(4,039)
Total accumulated depreciation		(4,039)		-		-	(4,039)
Total depreciable capital assets, net				-		-	
Capital Assets, net	\$	24,592	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 24,592

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	 Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance]	Oue Within One Year		Due After One Year
Governmental Activities: Contracts Payable Net pension liability Compensated absences Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$	1,915,000 1,594,316 1,892,940 5,402,256	\$ 1,915,319 1,593,632 3,508,951	\$	(290,000) (179,016) (1,272,891) (1,741,907)	\$	1,625,000 3,330,619 2,213,681 7,169,300	\$	295,000 - 1,660,261 1,955,261	\$	1,330,000 3,330,619 553,420 5,214,039
Business-type Activities: Landfill closure/postclosure Business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$ \$	806,611 806,611	\$ 64,243 64,243	\$ \$	(7,780) (7,780)	\$ \$	863,074 863,074	\$	22,000 22,000	\$ \$	841,074 841,074
Total primary government long- term liabilities	\$	6,208,867	\$ 3,573,194	\$	(1,749,687)	\$	8,032,374	\$	1,977,261	\$	6,055,113

Compensated absences, net pension liability, and net other postemployment benefit liability are generally liquidated by the general fund.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Contracts Payable

The County entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the Etowah Water and Sewer Authority (Authority) to assist the payment of the Etowah Water and Sewer Authority Revenue Bonds, series 2002. The County agreed to pay \$5,630,000 of the total bond issue, and Etowah Water and Sewer Authority agreed to pay the remaining \$2,965,000. The County also agreed to pay to the Authority amounts sufficient to enable the Authority to pay the debt service on the Series 2002 bonds. The bonds are issued as a combination of serial and term bonds with interest rates from 2% to 5.375% maturing from March 1, 2003 through March 1, 2027. The purpose of the bonds is to finance the improvements to the water and sewer system and refunding the outstanding bonds to the Authority.

During 2011, a partial refunding of the revenue bonds resulted in a defeasance. On May 1, 2012, the Authority issued \$2,930,000 in Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012, with interest rates of 2.96%. The Series 2012 bonds were issued to advance refund the \$2,880,000 of outstanding Series 2002 Bonds. The outstanding balance of this debt at December 31, 2023 is \$1,625,000.

The annual requirements to amortize contract payables outstanding as of December 31, 2023, are as follows:

December 31,	 Principal		Interest	 Total
2024	\$ 295,000	\$	43,734	\$ 338,734
2025	310,000		34,780	344,780
2026	315,000		25,531	340,531
2027	705,000		10,434	715,434
2028	 			
	\$ 1,625,000	\$	114,479	\$ 1,739,479

COMPONENT UNITS

Activity for the *Health Department* for the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

	E	Beginning					Ending	Du	e Within	Γ	ue After
Governmental activities	Balance		 Additions		Reductions		Balance		One Year		ne Year
Compensated absences	\$	83,972	\$ 61,005	\$	(83,437)	\$	61,540	\$	61,540	\$	-
Net pension liability		306,490	1,041,226		(149,132)		1,198,584		-		1,198,584
Net OPEB liability(asset)		(128,938)	102,230		(28,957)		(55,665)				(55,665)
Total Governmental activities	\$	261,524	\$ 1,204,461	\$	(261,526)	\$	1,204,459	\$	61,540	\$	1,142,919

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2023, is as follows:

					A	American]	Nonmajor			
		General Rescue Governm							al		
		Fund	SF	PLOST		Plan Act		Funds		Total	
Due To	_										
General Fund	\$	-	\$	205	\$	377,157	\$	213,308	\$	590,670	
Other Nonmajor											
Governmental Funds		1,106,692		-		-		-		1,106,692	
Internal Service Fund		33,292		-		-		-		33,292	
Solid Waste Fund		1,361,836				-				1,361,836	
Total	\$	2,501,820	\$	205	\$	377,157	\$	213,308	\$	3,092,490	

These balances resulted from 1) the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) the time lag between the dates that transactions are recorded in the accounting system, 3) the time lag between the dates that payments between funds are made, 4) short-term loans, and 5) to fund capital projects.

Interfund transfers as of the year ended December 31, 2023, are as follows:

		_								
		Other								
]	Nonmajor		Solid]	nternal	Total	
	Gen	eral	Go	Governmental		Waste		Service	Transfers	
	Fund			Funds		Fund		Fund	Out	
Transfers Out	_									
General Fund	\$	-	\$	1,336,470	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,336,470	
SPLOST		-		-		-		67,948	67,948	
Other Nonmajor Governmental										
Funds	11	1,860		-		34,668		-	146,528	
DCAR GIS Fund	9	1,251		-		-			91,251	
Total - Transfers in	\$ 20	3,111	\$	1,336,470	\$	34,668	\$	67,948	\$1,642,197	

Transfers are used to 1) supplement operating budgets, 2) help fund construction projects and debt service, and 3) move the County's matching portion on federal and state grants.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The County contributes to the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia (ACCG) Dawson County Defined Benefit Plan (the ACCG Plan), which is a defined benefit pension plan. All employees hired on or after January 1, 2007 are not eligible for participation in the previously adopted plan.

The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan participants and beneficiaries. The Plan, through execution of an adoption agreement, is affiliated with the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia Third Restated Defined Benefit Plan (the ACCG Plan), an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by GEBCorp. The ACCG, in its role as the Plan Sponsor, has the sole authority to amend the provisions of the ACCG Plan, as provided in Section 19.03 of the ACCG Plan document. The County has the authority to amend the adoption agreement, which defines the specific benefit provisions of the Plan, as provided in Section 19.02 of the ACCG Plan Document. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to Dawson County Board of Commissioners, 25 Justice Way, Suite 2313, Dawsonville, GA 30534.

All full-time County employees were eligible to participate in the Plan after completing three years of service and having reached their 21st birthday. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Benefits vest evenly over five years of service. Participants become eligible to retire after the age of 60 with at least ten years of service and three years of plan participation.

Upon eligibility to retire, participants are entitled to a monthly benefit in the amount of 1% of average annual compensation multiplied by the participant's total number of years of service. The Plan also provides benefits in the event of death or disability.

Participant counts as of January 1, 2022, (the preceding year actuarial valuation date) and covered compensation (base on covered earnings for the preceding year) are shown below:

Retirees, beneficiaries and disabled participants receiving benefits		66
Terminated plan participants entitled to but not yet receiving benefits		99
Active employees participating in the Plan	_	36
Total number of Plan participants	_	201
Covered compensation for active participants	\$	2,290,704
Contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		5.66%

Contributions

The County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The contribution amount is determined using actuarial methods and assumptions approved by the ACCG Plan trustees and must satisfy the minimum contribution requirement contained in the State of Georgia Statutes. Section 47-20 of the Georgia Code sets forth the funding standards for state and local governmental pension plans. The annual County contribution meets or exceeds the minimum funding requirements of Georgia Statute 47-20. Beginning in 2020, all active employees who are participants in the defined benefit plan must contribute 3% each pay period.

Net Pension Liability

The County's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022.

The total pension liability as of the January 1, 2022 valuation was determined by an actuarial valuation using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.00%

Salary Increases 2.50%-5.50%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Amount weighted Mortality Table with a blend of 50% of the General Employees Table and 50% of the Public Safety Employees with a Scale AA to 2021 for Males and Females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated February, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-term expected real
Asset Class	Allocation	rate of return*
US Fixed income	30.00%	3.60%
US Equity Large Core	30.00	8.20
International Core	15.00	8.90
SMid Cap Core	10.00	9.10
Private Real Estate	5.00	8.50
Global Core	5.00	8.50
US Equity Core	5.00	8.30
TOTAL	100.00%	

^{*} Rates shown are net of inflation

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Change in the Net Pension Liability

	Pension	F	iduciary Net	Net Pension
	<u>Liability</u>		<u>Position</u>	<u>Liability</u>
Balances at December 31, 2022	\$ 9,548,119	\$	7,953,803	\$ 1,594,316
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	60,838		-	60,838
Interest	653,389		-	653,389
Difference between expected and actual				
experience	(15,949)		-	(15,949)
Contribution-employer	-		129,747	(129,747)
Contribution-employee	-		49,269	(49,269)
Net investment income	-		(1,133,886)	1,133,886
Assumption Change	12,316		-	12,316
Benefit payments	(427,967)		(427,967)	-
Administrative expense	-		(29,725)	29,725
Other charges	 -		(41,114)	 41,114
Net changes	282,627		(1,453,676)	1,736,303
Balances at December 31, 2023 *	\$ 9,830,746	\$	6,500,127	\$ 3,330,619

^{*} Measurement date December 31, 2022

The following presents the County's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease	Current Discount	1	% Increase
		(6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)		(8.00%)
County's net pension liability	\$	4,572,187	\$ 3,330,619	\$	2,288,417

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial report. That report may be obtained by writing to Dawson County Board of Commissioners, 25 Justice Way, Suite 2313, Dawsonville, GA 30534.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the County recognized pension expense of \$390,187. At December 31, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred
	Outflows of		Inflows of
	 Resources		Resources
Changes of assumptions	\$ 2,842	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
pension plan investments	707,027		-
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 176,614		
TOTAL	\$ 886,483	\$	
		_	

County contributions of \$176,614 subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending December 30, 2024.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	
2024	\$ 1,011,145
2025	(186,238)
2026	(115,038)
2027	-
2028	-
Thereafter	 _
	\$ 709,869

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

Plan Description

Effective January 1, 2007, the County, by resolution, adopted the ACCG 401(a) Defined Contribution Plan for employees of Dawson County. This plan is administered by GEBCorp. Employees are immediately vested in the plan once contributions are made. The County matches 100% of employee voluntary contributions up to 5% of salary.

Funding Policy

Contributions totaling \$1,476,738 (\$612,879 employer and \$863,859 employee) were made in accordance with the Plan A guidelines and the designations by County Employees.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. During 2023, the County has not decreased any of its insurance coverage from the prior year, and there have been no claims in excess of insurance coverage over the past three years.

OTHER

The County is a member of the Association of the County Commissioners of Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (IRMA). IRMA is a group self-insurance fund covering general liability, automobile damage and theft, fire damage, and employee dishonesty for Georgia County Governments. IRMA pays losses up to \$50,000 per individual claim for Law Enforcement and Errors and Omission, and \$25,000 per individual claim for all other types. However, excess losses, if any, are covered by reinsurance and would be paid by the reinsurer.

The members of IRMA are assessable if the losses that IRMA must pay exceed the assets of the pool. At December 31, 2023, there was not need for such assessment.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

ACCG Group Self-Insurance Workers' Compensation Fund

The County participates in the Association County Commissioners of Georgia (ACCG) Group Self-Insurance Workers' Compensation Fund (GSIWCF), a self-insured pool cooperative arrangement among its members to finance workers' compensation coverage. The Fund is owned by its members and is managed by a seven member Board of Trustees made up of representatives from participating counties. Losses are paid by the Fund.

Excess losses, if any, are covered by reinsurance and would be paid by the reinsurer. The members of the Fund are assessable if the losses that the Fund must pay exceed the assets of the pool. At December 31, 2023, there was no need for such an assessment. Therefore, no liability for this has been included in the amounts below.

As part of these risk pools (IRMA & GSIWCF), the County is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents that could require the fund to pay any type of loss. Also, the County is to allow all the pools' agents and attorneys to represent the County in investigations, settlement discussions, and all levels of litigations arising out of any claim made against the County.

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the fund against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the worker's compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all costs taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

Settled claims in the past three years have not exceeded the coverage.

Summary of insurance coverage at the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

Type	Amount in Force										
Property	\$ 77,468,380										
	Limits of Liability										
<u>Type</u>	Each Occurrence Aggregate										
General Liability	\$ 1,000,000 None										
Law Enforcement Liability	\$ 1,000,000 None										
Errors and Omission Liability	\$ 1,000,000 \$ 3,000,000										
Automobile Liability	\$ 1,000,000 None										
Employers' Liability	\$ 2,000,000 \$ 2,000,000										
Crime Liability	\$ 150,000 None										
Worker's Compensation	Statutory Statutory										

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverages from coverages in the prior year. In addition, settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverages in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 11 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

The County is involved in several civil lawsuits filed in the normal course of its activities. The majority of these claims are considered minimal with a favorable outcome expected. The County's position is to vigorously defend its position or seek an out of court settlement. These particular cases are covered by the County's liability insurance less the applicable deductible amount of \$25,000 for each case.

In September of 2006, The County accepted a Community Development Block Grant from the Department of Community Affairs in the amount of \$500,000 for construction of a new Adult Learning Center. As a condition of the grant, the County must agree to use the facility for the approved purpose throughout the life of the facility. Should the facility be converted to an ineligible use, the Department of Community Affairs will require repayment of the grant. The repayment will be based on 20-year straight-line depreciation, except 100% repayment of grant funds will be required to be repaid during the first five years after the grant closeout date, which occurred February 2009.

NOTE 12 - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COST

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on a landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The County recognizes a portion of the closure and postclosure care costs in each operating period even though actual payouts will not occur until the landfill is closed. The amount recognized each year is based on the landfill capacity used as of the balance sheet date.

As of December 31, 2023, the County has recorded a liability for the Burt Creek Landfill of \$863,074, which represents the estimated closure and postclosure costs based on 100% of landfill capacity used to date. All estimated liability for these costs has been recognized since the landfill is no longer used. The landfill was officially closed February 7, 2002. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure in 2023. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The County is also required to demonstrate financial assurance that the closure and postclosure care cost can be paid in the future. The County has fulfilled this requirement for the period ended December 31, 2023, based on requirements issued by the Environmental Protection Agency.

NOTE 13 - CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ESTIMATES

As discussed in Note 1, estimates are used in the preparation of these financial statements. Five of the estimates qualified as a significant estimate, in that it is reasonably possible that the estimate will change in the near term due to one or more future confirming events and this change will have a material effect on the financial statements.

The estimate for the closure/postclosure costs of the County's Burt Creek Landfill qualifies as a significant estimate. Dawson County's Engineering Department has estimated the remaining closure, remediation, and the thirty year post closure monitoring cost to be \$863,074. The County has accrued the difference between the estimated liability this year and the amount accrued as of the end of the previous year as an operating expense in the current year.

The estimate for allowance for doubtful accounts relating to Dawson County EMS accounts receivable qualifies as a significant estimate. The estimate is calculated based on 30% of accounts 1-120 days past due, 50% of accounts 121-150 days past due and 100% of accounts greater than 150 days past due.

The estimates for claims payable for workers compensation, as discussed in Note 10, qualify as significant estimates.

The estimate for accumulated depreciation on capital assets qualifies as a significant estimate. This estimate is based on the original or estimated cost of the assets depreciated over the estimated useful lives using the straight line method.

The amount reported as the estimated amounts for the net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows for pension expense qualify as significant estimates and are based on actuarial studies and projections.

NOTE 14 - GEORGIA MOUNTAINS REGIONAL COMMISSION

Under Georgia law, the County, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the area are members of the Georgia Mountains Regional Commission (GMRC) and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During its year ended December 31, 2023, the County paid \$47,983 in such dues. Membership in GMRC is required by the official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the GMRC in Georgia.

The GMRC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of GMRC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from:

Georgia Mountains Regional Commission P. O. Box 1720 Gainesville, Georgia 30503-1720

NOTE 15 - HOTEL/MOTEL TAX

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the County collected \$1,078,186 of which \$431,274 was required to be spent to promote tourism, conventions, and trade shows. The County actually spent \$854,140. This was 198% of the tax receipts to be expended for these purposes under OCGA 48-13-51. The County complied with the requirements of this law.

NOTE 16 - CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

From time to time, the Development Authority of Dawson County (the Authority) has issued industrial revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying leases. Upon repayment on the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the Authority, the County, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of December 31, 2023, the amount of industrial revenue bonds issued on behalf of private-sector entities outstanding was \$23,000,000.

In 2016, the Authority entered into a contract with the Kroger Company to issue \$23,000,000 of Series 2015 Economic Development bonds which mature December 1, 2026 and bear interest at a rate of 6.00%. The bonds are payable solely from payments received from a contract with the Kroger Company. The amount of Series 2015 debt outstanding at December 31, 2023 is \$23,000,000.

NOTE 17 - TAX ABATEMENTS

The County is subject to tax incentives granted by the Development Authority of Dawson County (the Authority), an entity created by the State of Georgia and activated by the Board of Commissioners of Dawson County. These incentives are negotiated on an individual basis as a reduction of property taxes by percentage of total taxes and have the stated purpose of increasing business activity and employment in the County by allowing localities to abate property taxes for a variety of economic development purposes, including business relocation, retention, and expansion. The incentives may be granted to any business located within or promising to relocate to a local government's geographic area and require the business to enter into a sale-leaseback transaction with the Authority in exchange for tax exempt debt financing for the purpose of locating to the area or expansion of current facilities. In addition to the commitment of the debt financing, the business may also commit to certain economic or employment increases. The incentive agreements contain a provision that the business may lose a portion of the abatement for the year if the business fails to meet its jobs and/or investment goals.

The County has not made any commitments as part of the agreement other than to reduce taxes.

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, the County abated property taxes totaling \$90,373, 60% abated for the purpose: Grocery Store and Retail Center.

NOTE 19 - AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT FUNDING

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) as a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern," which continues to spread throughout the world and has adversely impacted global commercial activity and contributed to significant declines and volatility in financial markets.

On March 11, 2021 the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, ("ARPA") was enacted. The County received \$5,071,173 as of December 31, 2023. These funds are to be used for expenditures related to recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic as outlined by the United States Department of Treasury. During the current year, the County recognized \$1,363,570 as revenue and \$1,346,469 as unearned revenue. See Note 5 for more information about unearned revenue.

Required Supplementary Information

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY -ACCG DAWSON COUNTY DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 "Unaudited"

For the Year Ended December 31,	 2023	_	2022	_	2021	2020	_	2019	_	2018	_	2017	_	2016	 2015
Net pension liability	\$ 3,330,619	\$	1,594,316	\$	1,846,071	\$ 1,053,160	\$	1,161,326	\$	276,166	\$	797,143	\$	669,483	\$ 264,576
Covered payroll	\$ 2,290,704	\$	2,518,099	\$	2,924,532	\$ 2,909,037	\$	3,441,061	\$	2,624,916	\$	2,973,803	\$	3,248,961	\$ 3,371,231
Net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	145.40%		63.31%		63.12%	36.20%		33.75%		10.52%		26.81%		20.61%	7.85%
Total pension liability	\$ 9,830,746	\$	9,548,119	\$	8,955,295	\$ 7,513,036	\$	6,712,250	\$	6,281,077	\$	6,018,442	\$	5,535,171	\$ 5,053,380
Fiduciary net position	\$ 6,500,127	\$	7,953,803	\$	7,109,259	\$ 6,459,876	\$	5,550,924	\$	6,004,911	\$	5,221,299	\$	4,865,688	\$ 4,788,804
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.10%		83.30%		79.40%	86.00%		82.70%		95.60%		86.75%		87.90%	94.76%

NOTE: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS ACCG DAWSON COUNTY DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 "Unaudited"

For the Year Ended December 31,	_	2023	 2022	_	2021	2020	_	2019	_	2018	2017	_	2016	_	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	118,391	\$ 88,094	\$	86,421	\$ 101,714	\$	108,387	\$	79,743	\$ 169,562	\$	200,831	\$	238,267
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		176,614	129,747		117,988	125,028		125,651		181,461	210,003		231,194		238,267
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(58,223)	\$ (41,653)	\$	(31,567)	\$ (23,314)	\$	(17,264)	\$	(101,718)	\$ (40,441)	\$	(30,363)	\$	-
County's covered payroll	\$	2,220,261	\$ 2,290,704	\$	2,518,099	\$ 2,924,532	\$	2,909,037	\$	3,441,061	\$ 2,624,916	\$	2,973,803	\$	3,248,961
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		7.95%	5.66%		4.69%	4.28%		4.32%		5.27%	8.00%		7.77%		7.33%

NOTE: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ACCG DAWSON COUNTY DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 "Unaudited"

Method and Assumptions Used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of contributions are calculated as December 31, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which donations are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the contractually required contributions for the year ended December 31, 2023 reported in that schedule:

expense, including inflation.

Valuation Date January 1, 2022 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Level percentage of payroll, open Amortization Method Remaining Amortization period 30 years Asset Valuation method Five-year smoothed market Inflation Rate 2.00% Salary Increases 2.50%-5.50%, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of pension plan investment

General Fund

The General Operating Fund of the County is used to account for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 (Required Supplementary Information)

VARIANCE WITH

	BUDGET A	AMOUNTS FINAL	ACTUAL	FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$ 19,855,853	\$ 19,855,853	\$ 19,855,853	\$ -
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)				
Taxes	30,083,596	30,083,596	34,176,478	4,092,882
Licenses and permits	1,323,450	1,323,450	1,559,760	236,310
Intergovernmental Fines and forfeitures	397,000 378,500	397,000 378,500	609,918 650,920	212,918 272,420
Charges for services	2,698,720	2,811,420	2,990,503	179,083
Contributions and donations	-	98,545	98,543	(2)
Investment income	13,225	13,225	1,279,823	1,266,598
Miscellaneous	187,775	202,978	183,855	(19,123)
Sale of county property	- 111.000	- 111.000	4,500	4,500
Transfers in	111,860	111,860	203,111	91,251
Total Resources (Inflows) AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION	35,194,126	35,420,574 55,276,427	41,757,411	6,336,837
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION	55,049,979	33,276,427	61,613,264	6,336,837
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Current Expenditures General Government				
Administration	211,700	231,323	223,276	8,047
Executive	272,349	280,789	260,873	19,916
Chief executive	2,056,742	1,003,273	767,216	236,057
Elections	364,872	383,604	378,775	4,829
Accounting	672,271 911,856	699,881	662,168	37,713 3,145
Data processing/MIS Human resources	267,689	935,326 278,696	932,181 270,862	7,834
Tax commissioner	507,373	532,020	504,482	27,538
Tax assessor	614,286	656,206	620,546	35,660
Tax assessor-real property	20,545	20,545	11,137	9,408
Risk management	426,634	644,508	551,592	92,916
Buildings	1,139,546	1,174,282	1,092,660	81,622
Public information	112,335	112,335	71,325	41,010
GIS Total General Government	90,974 7,669,172	7,075,550	121,524 6,468,617	1,238 606,933
	,			
Judicial				
Superior court	691,127	719,488	674,794	44,694
Clerk of superior court	761,678	876,705	815,814	60,891
District attorney Magistrate court	871,869 558,640	914,349 575,849	908,170	6,179 31,092
Probate court	404,331	430,244	544,757 413,150	17,094
Juvenile court	378,747	410,338	401,233	9,105
Public defender	561,609	567,088	562,610	4,478
Solicitor	212,183	217,545	161,479	56,066
Total Judicial	4,440,184	4,711,606	4,482,007	229,599
Public Safety				
Sheriff	4,743,178	5,057,996	4,840,693	217,303
Criminal investigation	49,850	53,850	36,109	17,741
Uniform patrol	22,530	22,530	19,293	3,237
Detention center	3,985,510	4,033,889	3,911,800	122,089
Court services	895,065	983,991	935,314	48,677
Fire	2,979,422	3,034,222	2,835,207	199,015
Firemen's association Fire administration	34,835 296,569	80,181 311,217	70,211 268,710	9,970 42,507
Emergency medical services	3,387,698	3,412,626	3,340,277	72,349
Coroner	157,974	157,974	141,645	16,329
Agencies		108,504	20,597	87,907
Animal shelter	172,800	172,800	172,800	-
School resource officers	514,672	621,872	545,786	76,086
Other public safety	60,000	60,000	46,082	13,918
Emergency management	129,939	135,711	134,915	796
Total Public Safety	17,430,042	18,247,363	17,319,439	927,924

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 (Required Supplementary Information)

VARIANCE WITH

	BUDGET AMOU	UNTS		FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
CONTINUED				
Public Works				
Public works administration	300,195	390,074	282,996	
Highways and streets	1,859,369	1,927,699	1,300,382	,
Other maintenance	420,781	425,939	420,781	5,158
Other public works	14,933	15,163	11,870	
Total Public Works	2,595,278	2,758,875	2,016,029	742,846
Public Health and Welfare				
Health department	162,000	162,000	162,000	-
Indigent welfare	56,300	56,300	56,300	-
Senior citizens center	122,868	261,620	180,654	80,966
Other public health and welfare	40,000	40,000	40,000	
Total Public Health and Welfare	381,168	519,920	438,954	80,966
Recreation and Culture				
Parks	1,482,986	1,801,203	1,725,839	75,364
Library	450,000	450,000	450,000	
Total Recreation and Culture	1,932,986	2,251,203	2,175,839	
Housing and development				
Forestry	114,168	117,058	114,557	2,501
Planning and zoning	949,701	1,002,816	891,786	
Economic development	300,000	300,000	300,000	
Total Housing and Development	1,363,869	1,419,874	1,306,343	
Transfers out	1,479,922	1,928,913	1,336,470	592,443
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	37,292,621	38,913,304	35,543,698	3,369,606
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,098,495)	(3,492,730)	6,213,713	9,706,443
FUND BALANCE, End of year	<u>\$ 17,757,358</u>	\$ 16,363,123	\$ 26,069,566	\$ 9,706,443

^{1.} The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 (Required Supplementary Information)

(кечин	eu Supplemental	y Inioi mation)		VARIANCE WITH
	BUDGE ORIGINAL	Γ AMOUNTS FINAL	ACTUAL	FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$ 15,412	\$ 15,412	\$ 15,412	\$ -
RESOURCES (INFLOWS) Intergovernmental Investment income Total Resources (Inflows) AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION	- - - 15,412	- - - - 15,412	1,363,570 94,052 1,457,622 1,473,034	1,363,570 94,052 1,457,622 1,457,622
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Current Expenditures				
General government	100,000	42,436	17,359	25,077
Judicial	-	2,875	2,873	2
Public safety	1,464,077	,- ,	1,281,842	230,967
Public works	76,130		55,542	20,588
Public health and welfare	-	506	506	-
Recreation and culture Housing and development	-	1,576 3,875	1,575 3,873	1
•	1 (40 202			27((27
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	1,640,207	1,640,207	1,363,570	276,637
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,640,207	(1,640,207)	94,052	1,734,259
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$ (1,624,795	(1,624,795)	\$ 109,464	\$ 1,734,259

^{1.} The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

Combining Statements

Non-major Governmental Funds

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2023

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	TE	ERGENCY LEPHONE ERVICES	TR	EUG ABUSE EATMENT AND DUCATION		ULTIPLE GRANTS FUND	JAIL		STRICTED ROGRAMS FUND	HOTEL MOTEL TAX		AW RARY	RIGH	CTIMS ITS AND STANCE
ASSETS	Φ	225.022	Ф	50.640	Ф		# 2 60.040	Φ		Φ.	Φ -	1.516	Φ	62.770
Cash Receive block (not of allowers of anymostic locatibles)	\$	235,823 110,842	\$	58,640	\$	748,125	\$ 269,940	\$	20,933	\$ - 88,503	\$ 5	1,516	\$	62,770
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Due from other funds		110,842		-		239,792	_		20,933	408,646		_		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	346,665	\$	58,640	\$	987,917	\$ 269,940	\$	225,854	\$ 497,149	\$ 5	1,516	\$	62,770
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES														
Liabilities														
Accounts payable	\$	- ,	\$	-	\$		\$ -	\$	92	\$ 142,096	\$	-	\$	122
Other accrued items		17,435		-		15,742	-		1,948	-		-		-
Due to other funds	_	197,948	_		_									363
TOTAL LIABILITIES		225,456		-		174,327	-		2,040	142,096		-		485
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						442.020								
Unavailable revenue - Opioid Settlement Unavailable revenue -other		-		-		443,028 116	-		-	-		-		-
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			_		_	443,144		_						
TOTAL LIABILITIES, AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF			_		_	443,144								
RESOURCES		225,456		-		617,471			2,040	142,096				485
FUND BALANCES														
Restricted:														
Impact fee projects		-		-		-	-		-	-		-		-
Opioid Settlement		-		-		112,824	-		-	-		-		-
Judicial programs		-		58,640		257,622	-		-	-	5	1,516		62,285
Public safety programs		121,209		-		-	269,940		57,457	-		-		-
Housing and development programs		-		-		-	-		166,357	355,053		-		-
Assigned:														
Capital equipment and infrastructure		121 200		- 50.640	_	270.446	-		- 222.014	255.052		1.516		- 62.205
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	Φ.	121,209	Φ.	58,640	Φ.	370,446	269,940	Φ.	223,814	355,053		1,516	_	62,285
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	346,665	\$	58,640	\$	987,917	\$ 269,940	\$	225,854	\$ 497,149	\$ 5	1,516	\$	62,770

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2023

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

ASSETS		NMATE ELFARE	AT	STRICT TORNEY EIZURE		IERIFF'S EIZURE	-	CAPTIAL ROJECTS FUND	IMPACT FEES	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Cash	\$	93,323	\$	9,171	\$	20,591	\$	778,755	\$ 3,684,462	\$ 5,264,991
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	*	-	-	-	*	-	*	16,144	-	984,547
Due from other funds								-	253,333	1,106,692
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	93,323	\$	9,171	\$	20,591	\$	794,899	\$ 3,937,795	\$ 7,356,230
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	284,719	\$ 9,840	\$ 605,527
Other accrued items Due to other funds		-		-		-		- 14,997	-	35,125
TOTAL LIABILITIES							_	299,716	9,840	213,308 853,960
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		-		-		-		299,/10	9,040	833,900
Unavailable revenue - Opioid Settlement		-		_		_		_	_	443,028
Unavailable revenue -other		-		-		-		-	-	116
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		-		-		-		-		443,144
TOTAL LIABILITIES, AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF										
RESOURCES							_	299,716	9,840	1,297,104
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted:										
Impact fee projects		-		-		-		-	3,927,955	3,927,955
Opioid Settlement		-		- 0.171		-		-	-	112,824
Judicial programs Public safety programs		93,323		9,171		20,591		-	-	439,234 562,520
Housing and development programs		93,323		-		20,391		-	-	521,410
Assigned:										321,410
Capital equipment and infrastructure				-				495,183		495,183
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		93,323		9,171		20,591		495,183	3,927,955	6,059,126
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	93,323	\$	9,171	\$	20,591	\$	794,899	\$ 3,937,795	\$ 7,356,230

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

REVENUES	EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SERVICE	DRUG ABUSE TREATMENT AND EDUCATION	MULTIPLE GRANTS FUND	JAIL	RESTRICTED PROGRAMS FUND	HOTEL MOTEL TAX	LAW LIBRARY	VICTIMS RIGHTS AND ASSISTANCE
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,078,186	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	- 20.566	2,893,309	-	56,859	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	29,566	-	58,609	-	-	24,786	26,975
Charges for services	660,183	-	10,997	-	- 52.201	-	-	-
Contributions and donations	-	-	-	-	53,201	-	-	
Interest income	7,250	1,637		9,364			1,558	1,744
TOTAL REVENUES	667,433	31,203	2,904,306	67,973	110,060	1,078,186	26,344	28,719
EXPENDITURES								
Current Expenditures								
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Judicial	-	-	512,868	-	-	-	2,141	1,452
Public safety	1,279,652	-	272,935	29,879	21,528	-		- '
Public works	-	-	530,104	-	-	-	-	-
Public health and welfare	-	-	853,893	-	-	-	-	-
Recreation and culture	-	-	- '	-	-	-	-	-
Housing and development	-	-	-	-	127,377	854,140	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	1,295,119	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,279,652	-	3,464,919	29,879	148,905	854,140	2,141	1,452
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER(UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES	(612,219)	31,203	(560,613)	38,094	(38,845)	224,046	24,203	27,267
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(**=,=**)		(000,000)		(20,012)			
Sale of county property	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers in	606,423	_	604,511	_	49,041	_	_	_
Transfers out	-	(25,000)	-	_	,,,,,,	(72,000)	(14,860)	_
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	606,423	(25,000)	604,511		49,041	(72,000)	(14,860)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(5,796)	6,203	43,898	38,094	10,196	152,046	9,343	27,267
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year	127,005	52,437	326,548	231,846	213,618	203,007	42,173	35,018
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$ 121,209	\$ 58,640	\$ 370,446	\$ 269,940	\$ 223,814	\$ 355,053	\$ 51,516	\$ 62,285

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	SPEC	IAL REVENUE F	TUNDS	CAPITAL P		_
REVENUES	INMATE WELFARE	DISTRICT ATTORNEY SEIZURE	SHERIFF'S SEIZURE	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	IMPACT FEES	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,078,186
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	2,950,168
Fines and forfeitures	-	2,368	7,134	-	-	149,438
Charges for services	131,214	-	-	-	1,374,335	2,176,729
Contributions and donations	-	-	-	386,000	-	439,201
Interest income	3,500	309	759	28,617	143,197	197,935
TOTAL REVENUES	134,714	2,677	7,893	414,617	1,517,532	6,991,657
EXPENDITURES Current Expenditures						
General government	-	-	-	10,632	3,185	13,817
Judicial	-	345	-	- 1		516,806
Public safety	81,159	-	4,048	58,080	_	1,747,281
Public works	-	-	-	68,925	_	599,029
Public health and welfare	-	-	-	<u>-</u> ^	_	853,893
Recreation and culture	-	-	-	-	26,459	26,459
Housing and development	-	-	-	68,000		1,049,517
Capital outlay	37,948	-	-	545,359	2,100,400	3,978,826
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	119,107	345	4,048	750,996	2,130,044	8,785,628
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER(UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES	15,607	2,332	3,845	(336,379)	(612,512)	(1,793,971)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	10,007	2,552	5,0.5	(220,277)	(012,012)	(1,723,711)
Sale of county property	_	_	_	96,617	_	96,617
Transfers in	_	_	_	76,495	_	1,336,470
Transfers out	_	_	_	(34,668)	_	(146,528)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				138,444		1,286,559
						1,200,007
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	15,607	2,332	3,845	(197,935)	(612,512)	(507,412)
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year	77,716	6,839	16,746	693,118	4,540,467	6,566,538
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$ 93,323	\$ 9,171	\$ 20,591	\$ 495,183	\$ 3,927,955	\$ 6,059,126

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or donor restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Emergency 911 Fund: This fund is used to account for the County's share of telephone fees for the operation of its 911 emergency system.

Multiple Grants Fund: This fund is used to account for all reimbursement grant from state, federal, and local grantors.

Restricted Program Fund: This fund is used to account for funds received from donations and other funds restricted to specific programs.

Jail Fund: This fund is used to account for fines and fees received that are restricted for the maintenance of the County Jail.

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund: This fund is used to account for Hotel/Motel tax collections which are used to support tourism in Dawson County.

Law Library Fund: This fund is used to account for the fines and forfeitures received that are reserved for providing a County Law Library.

Victims Rights and Assistance Fund: This fund is used to account for the fines and forfeitures received that are reserved for assisting victims of crime.

Special Revenue Funds

Drug Abuse Treatment and Education Fund: This fund is used to account for the fines and forfeitures received that are reserved to create and maintain drug education programs in the County.

District Attorney Seizure Fund: This fund is used to account for 10% collected of all funds subject to forfeiture laws as specified in the Sheriff's Seizure Fund.

Sheriff's Seizure Fund: This fund is used to account for funds seized in acts of violation of specific laws, such as controlled substance violations. Up to 33 1/3% of the amount of local funds appropriated may be spent for law enforcement purposes with the exception of salaries or rewards to law enforcement personnel at the discretion of the chief officer of the local law enforcement agency or may be used to fund victim-witness assistance programs.

Inmate Welfare Fund: This fund is used to account for monies legally restricted for the benefit of detainees in the County Jail.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		BUDGET A				FIN	IANCE WITH AL BUDGET
		POSITIVE					
	ORIGINAL		FINAL	ACTUAL		(NEGATIVE)	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$	127,005	\$ 127,005	\$	127,005	\$	-
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)							
Charges for services		550,000	665,000		660,183		(4,817)
Investment income		700	700		7,250		6,550
Transfer in		606,423	642,155		606,423		(35,732)
Total Resources (Inflows)	1	1,157,123	1,307,855		1,273,856	,	(33,999)
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION		1,284,128	1,434,860		1,400,861		(33,999)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Current Expenditures							
Public safety		1,157,123	1,307,855		1,279,652		28,203
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS		1,157,123	1,307,855	_	1,279,652		28,203
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE				_	(5,796)		(5,796)
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	127,005	\$ 127,005	\$	121,209	\$	(5,796)

^{1.} The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA DRUG ABUSE TREATMENT AND EDUCATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	BUDGET AMOUNTS						VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE	
		ORIGINAL		FINAL		ACTUAL	(N	NEGATIVE)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$	52,437	\$	52,437	\$	52,437	\$	-
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)								
Fines and forfeitures		24,800		24,800		29,566		4,766
Investment income		200		200		1,637		1,437
Total Resources (Inflows)		25,000		25,000		31,203		6,203
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION	_	77,437		77,437		83,640		6,203
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Current Expenditures								
Transfers out		25,000		25,000		25,000		
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	_	25,000		25,000	_	25,000		-
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-	_	6,203		6,203
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	52,437	\$	52,437	\$	58,640	\$	6,203

^{1.} The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA MULTIPLE GRANTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	BUDGET		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$ 326,548	\$ 326,548	\$ 326,548	<u>\$</u>	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)					
Intergovernmental	1,454,807	3,045,888	2,893,309	(152,579)	
Charges for services	10,000	10,154	10,997	843	
Transfer in	810,303	749,765	604,511	(145,254)	
Total Resources (Inflows)	2,275,110	3,805,807	3,508,817	(296,990)	
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION	2,601,658	4,132,355	3,835,365	(296,990)	
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Current Expenditures					
Judicial	457,099	652,267	512,868	139,399	
Public safety	307,009	314,003	272,935	41,068	
Public works	623,142	1,860,187	1,825,222	34,965	
Public health and welfare	887,860	979,350	853,894	125,456	
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	2,275,110	3,805,807	3,464,919	340,888	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u> </u>	. <u></u>	43,898	43,898	
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$ 326,548	\$ 326,548	\$ 370,446	\$ 43,898	

^{1.} The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA JAIL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		BUDGET AN	MOUNTS			VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	OR	FINAL			(NEGATIVE)		
	\$	231,846	\$ 231,846	\$	231,846	\$	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)							
Fines and forfeitures		34,600	34,600		58,609		24,009
Investment income		300	300		9,364		9,064
Total Resources (Inflows)	<u> </u>	34,900	34,900		67,973		33,073
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION		266,746	266,746		299,819		33,073
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Current Expenditures							
Public safety		34,900	34,900		29,879		5,021
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS		34,900	34,900		29,879		5,021
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE					38,094		38,094
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	231,846	3 231,846	\$	269,940	\$	38,094

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE 1. The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA RESTRICTED PROGRAM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	BUDGET ORIGINAL	AMOUNTS FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
		11		(1.20.111, 2)	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$ 213,618	\$ 213,618	\$ 213,618	\$ -	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)					
Intergovernmental	52,529	56,859	56,859	-	
Contributions and donations	-	53,203	53,201	(2)	
Transfer in	49,041	88,080	49,041	(39,039)	
Total Resources (Inflows)	101,570	198,142	159,101	(39,041)	
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION	315,188	411,760	372,719	(39,041)	
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Current Expenditures					
Public safety	-	77,065	21,528	55,537	
Housing and development	101,570	307,964	127,377	180,587	
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	101,570	385,029	148,905	236,124	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(186,887)	10,196	197,083	
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$ 213,618	\$ 26,731	\$ 223,814	\$ 197,083	

^{1.} The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	BUDGET AMOUNTS						VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE	
	ORIGINAL FINAL				ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)		
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$	203,007	\$	203,007	\$	203,007	\$	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)								
Taxes		572,000		945,408		1,078,186		132,778
Total Resources (Inflows)		572,000		945,408		1,078,186		132,778
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION		775,007		1,148,415		1,281,193		132,778
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Current Expenditures								
Housing and development		500,000		873,408		854,140		19,268
Transfers out		72,000		72,000		72,000		-
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS		572,000		945,408		926,140		19,268
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE				-		152,046		152,046
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	203,007	\$	203,007	\$	355,053	\$	152,046

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE 1. The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA LAW LIBRARY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$ 42,173	\$ 42,173	\$ 42,173	<u>\$</u>
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)				
Fines and forfeitures	19,600	19,600	24,786	5,186
Investment income	150	150	1,558	1,408
Miscellaneous	4,610	4,610	-	(4,610)
Total Resources (Inflows)	24,360	24,360	26,344	1,984
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION	66,533	66,533	68,517	1,984
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Current Expenditures				
Judicial	9,500	9,500	2,141	7,359
Transfers out	14,860	14,860	14,860	
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	24,360	24,360	17,001	7,359
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		. <u>-</u>	9,343	9,343
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$ 42,173	\$ 42,173	\$ 51,516	\$ 9,343

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

^{1.} The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA VICTIMS RIGHTS AND ASSISTANCE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		BUDGET.	AMOI	UNTS			FIN	IANCE WITH AL BUDGET POSITIVE
	(ORIGINAL		FINAL		ACTUAL	(1	NEGATIVE)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$	35,018	\$	35,018	\$	35,018	\$	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)								
Fines and forfeitures		17,300		17,300		26,975		9,675
Investment income		50		50		1,744		1,694
Total Resources (Inflows)		17,350		17,350		28,719		11,369
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION		52,368		52,368	_	63,737		11,369
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Current Expenditures								
Judicial		17,350		17,350		1,452		15,898
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS		17,350		17,350		1,452		15,898
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			_	-	_	27,267		27,267
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	35,018	\$	35,018	\$	62,285	\$	27,267

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE 1. The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA INMATE WELFARE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

					VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
		BUDGET A			POSITIVE
	0	RIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$	77,716	\$ 77,716	\$ 77,716	\$ -
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)					
Charges for services		72,000	107,000	131,214	24,214
Investment income		300	300	3,500	3,200
Miscellaneous		500	500		(500)
Total Resources (Inflows)		72,800	107,800	134,714	26,914
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION		150,516	185,516	212,430	26,914
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Current Expenditures					
Public safety		85,000	120,000	119,107	893
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS		85,000	120,000	119,107	(893)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(12,200)	(12,200)	15,607	27,807
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	65,516	\$ 65,516	\$ 93,323	\$ 27,807

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE 1. The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA DISTRICT ATTORNEY SEIZURE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	ORIG	BUDGET AMO	OUNTS FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$	6,839 \$	6,839	\$ 6,839	\$ -
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)					
Fines and forfeitures		1,495	1,495	2,368	873
Investment income		5	5	309	304
Total Resources (Inflows)		1,500	1,500	2,677	1,177
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION		8,339	8,339	9,516	1,177
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Current Expenditures					
Judicial		1,500	1,500	345	1,155
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS		1,500	1,500	345	1,155
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		<u> </u>	-	2,332	2,332
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	6,839 \$	6,839	\$ 9,171	\$ 2,332

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE 1. The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA SHERIFF'S SEIZURE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

						FINA	ANCE WITH L BUDGET
		BUDGET A	MOUNTS			PC	OSITIVE
	О	RIGINAL	FINAL		ACTUAL	(NE	GATIVE)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$	16,746	\$ 16,746	\$	16,746	\$	-
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)							
Fines and forfeitures		10,000	10,000		7,134		(2,866)
Investment income		160	160		759		599
Miscellaneous		540	540		-		(540)
Total Resources (Inflows)		10,700	10,700		7,893	•	(2,807)
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION		27,446	27,446	_	24,639		(2,807)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Current Expenditures							
Public safety		10,700	10,700		4,048		6,652
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS		10,700	10,700	_	4,048		6,652
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-	-	_	3,845		3,845
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	16,746	\$ 16,746	\$	20,591	\$	3,845

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE 1. The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

Custodial Funds

These funds are used to account for assets held by the County as agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

Tax Commissioner: This fund accounts for assets and related liabilities for the collection of taxes, tag, and title fees.

Magistrate Court, Probate Court, and Clerk of Superior Court: These funds account for the assets and related liabilities for the collection of court-related fees.

Inmate Escrow: This fund accounts for the collection and disbursement of cash for inmates incarcerated at the Dawson County Detention Center.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION ALL CUSTODIAL FUNDS December 31, 2023

ASSETS	TAX COMMISSION	ER	CLERK OF SUPERIOR COURT		PROBATE COURT	MAGISTRATE COURT	INMATI FUND			TOTAL
Cash	\$ 3,07	1,054	\$ 1,030,930	\$	60,919	\$ 4,216	\$ 11	4,144	\$	4,281,263
TOTAL ASSETS	3,07	1,054	1,030,930		60,919	4,216	11	4,144	_	4,281,263
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable	2,93	9,000	218,548		18,407	1,425		5,292	_	3,182,672
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,93	9,000	218,548	_	18,407	1,425		5,292	_	3,182,672
NET POSITION Restricted for others	13	32,054	812,382	_	42,512	2,791	10	8,852		1,098,591
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 13	32,054	\$ 812,382	\$	42,512	\$ 2,791	\$ 10	8,852	\$	1,098,591

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION ALL CUSTODIAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		TAX COMMISSIONER		CLERK OF SUPERIOR COURT		PROBATE COURT		MAGISTRATE COURT		INMATE FUND		TOTAL
ADDITIONS Taxes collected for other entities Fees collected for other entities Court individual cases TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$	54,209,772 - - 54,209,772	\$	2,598,339 587,050 3,185,389	\$	- 654,426 392,136 1,046,562	\$	80,956 25,078 106,034	\$	587,605 - 587,605	\$	54,209,772 3,921,326 1,004,264 59,135,362
DEDUCTIONS Payments of taxes to other entities Payments of fees to other entities Payments to others TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	_	54,209,772 - - 54,209,772	_	2,599,428 707,165 3,306,593	_	- 657,162 417,627 1,074,789	_	84,003 23,559 107,562		- 561,651 561,651	_	54,209,772 3,340,593 1,710,002 59,260,367
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	_	-	_	(121,204)	_	(28,227)	_	(1,528)	_	25,954	_	(125,005)
TOTAL NET POSITION, Beginning of year	_	132,054	_	933,586	_	70,739	_	4,319		82,898	_	1,223,596
TOTAL NET POSITION, End of year	\$	132,054	\$	812,382	\$	42,512	\$	2,791	\$	108,852	\$	1,098,591



DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS CONSTRUCTED WITH SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX Year Ended December 31, 2023

PROJECT	ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COSTS	CURRENT ESTIMATED COSTS	EXPEN PRIOR YEARS	NDITURES CURRENT YEAR				
SPLOST #6 - Commenced July 1, 2015								
LEVEL 2 COUNTY PROJECTS								
Roads, Streets, and Bridges	\$ 21,200,000	\$ 21,200,000	\$ 17,179,394	\$ 2,382,502				
Public Works Facilities & Equipment	2,500,000	5,130,400	4,914,995	385,301				
Recycling Facility	100,000	100,000	<i>y- y</i>	,				
Fire Station/Community Center	1,750,000	1,750,000	1,595,198	48,580				
Recreational Facilities	4,067,000	5,662,000	5,167,247	309,778				
Public Safety Vehicles & Equipment - Sheriff	3,883,000	4,396,310	4,287,286	103,334				
Public Safety Vehicles & Equipment -								
Fire/Emergency Services	2,500,000	3,962,086	3,706,466	104,521				
Informational Technology Equipment	350,000	871,241	639,066	237,899				
General Government		897,000	26,978	<u>-</u>				
Subtotal All County Projects	36,350,000	43,969,037	37,516,630	3,571,915				
MUNICIPAL PROJECTS								
MUNICIPAL PROJECTS CITY OF DAWSONVILLE (1)	9,650,000	7,767,491	8,317,106	<u>-</u>				
Subtotal All City Projects	9,650,000	7,767,491	8,317,106					
Total SPLOST #6 Projects	\$ 46,000,000	\$ 51,736,528	\$ 45,833,736	\$ 3,571,915				
SPLOST #7 - Commenced July 1, 2021 LEVEL 2 COUNTY PROJECTS Public Safety Projects - Emergency								
Operations Center and E-911 Radio System	\$ 8,500,000	\$ 8,500,000	\$ 97,192	\$ 1,299,000				
OTHER COUNTY PROJECTS								
IT Infrastructure	1,500,000	1,500,000	669,910	197,309				
Courthouse and Administration Building	500,000	500,000	-	1,7,50,				
Public Safety Vehicles & Equipment -	,							
Fire/Emergency Services	8,550,000	8,550,000	-	1,893,351				
Public Safety Vehicles & Equipment -								
Sheriff	3,400,000	3,400,000	23,478	182,691				
Public Works - Road Improvements								
& Equipment	18,900,000	18,900,000	-	2,098,777				
County Administration - Vehicles,	2 100 000	2 100 000		115 (14				
Equipment, & Fuel Center Recreational Facilities	2,100,000 5,870,000	2,100,000 5,870,000	-	115,614				
Public Health Building	2,500,000	2,500,000	4,100	_				
Development Authority	2,000,000	2,000,000	-					
Subtotal All County Projects	53,820,000	53,820,000	794,680	5,786,742				
MUNICIPAL PROJECTS								
CITY OF DAWSONVILLE (1)	6,180,000	6,180,000	2,324,979	1,190,482				
Subtotal All City Projects	6,180,000	6,180,000	2,324,979	1,190,482				
Total SPLOST #7 Projects	\$ 60,000,000	\$ 60,000,000	\$ 3,119,659	\$ 6,977,224				
Total St Lost II / Trojects	Ψ 00,000,000	Ψ 00,000,000	Ψ 5,117,057	ψ 0,711,424				

⁽¹⁾ The County remits the tax collected to the City who is responsible for reporting on the expenditures in accordance with OCGA 48-8-121.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA Reconciliation of Expenditures for SPLOST Year Ended December 31, 2023

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (page 5)	
Expenditures	\$ 10,481,191
Transfers	67,948
Expenditures reported on Splost schedule	\$ 10,549,139
Schedule of Projects Constructed With Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (page 73)	
SPLOST #6 - 2015	\$ 3,571,915
SPLOST #7 - 2021	6,977,224
Total	\$ 10,549,139

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Statistical Section

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the county's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Table
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand	
how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed	
over time.	
Net Position by Component	1
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These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's	
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These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the	
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Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader	
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Operating Indicators by Function	18
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Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

Note: Tables may not add due to rounding

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	2014	2015 (1)	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022(2)	2023
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 69,194	\$ 70,368	\$ 70,253	\$ 72,448	\$ 67,092	\$ 72,297	\$ 74,828	\$ 74,760	\$ 80,148	\$ 80,148
Restricted	4,522	4,150	5,965	7,135	11,570	12,472	12,911	20,472	16,655	32,369
Unrestricted	2,055	3,390	4,197	4,560	9,422	8,296	11,909	13,643	22,680	22,680
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 75,771	\$ 77,907	\$ 80,414	\$ 84,142	\$ 88,084	\$ 93,065	\$ 99,649	\$ 108,875	\$ 119,483	\$ 135,197
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES										
Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 1,839	\$ 1,771	\$ 1,617	\$ 1,558	\$ 1,591	\$ 1,634	\$ 1,622	\$ 1,631	\$ 1,803	\$ 1,803
Unrestricted	71	351	716	1,151	1,372	685	775	777	685	685
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 1,909	\$ 2,123	\$ 2,333	\$ 2,710	\$ 2,963	\$ 2,319	\$ 2,397	\$ 2,409	\$ 2,487	\$ 2,487
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 71,033	\$ 72,139	\$ 71,870	\$ 74,006	\$ 68,682	\$ 73,931	\$ 76,451	\$ 76,391	\$ 81,950	\$ 81,950
Restricted	4,522	4,150	5,965	7,135	11,570	12,472	12,911	20,472	16,655	32,369
Unrestricted	 2,126	3,741	4,913	5,711	10,795	8,981	12,684	14,420	23,365	23,365
Total primary government net position	\$ 77,680	\$ 80,030	\$ 82,747	\$ 86,852	\$ 91,047	\$ 95,384	\$ 102,046	\$ 111,283	\$ 121,970	\$ 137,684

Note:

- (1) In 2015, the County implemented GASB 68. (2) In 2022, the County implemented GASB 87.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
EXPENSES										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 4,640 \$	4,608 \$	5,009 \$	5,050 \$	5,899 \$	5,962 \$	8,357 \$	6,464 \$	6,615 \$	7,258
Judicial	2,760	2,736	3,176	3,258	3,513	3,896	4,325	4,325	4,401	5,111
Public safety	12,027	12,326	13,003	14,078	15,081	16,129	16,571	20,214	21,153	22,908
Public works	3,861	5,175	5,145	5,503	5,784	6,311	7,735	7,698	8,134	7,011
Health and welfare	765	829	892	931	977	986	1,041	1,210	1,331	1,395
Recreation and culture	1,521	1,559	1,607	1,815	1,833	1,982	2,068	2,263	2,450	2,993
Housing and development	946	1,084	1,183	1,167	1,379	1,495	1,625	1,887	2,079	2,399
Interest on long-term debt	730	327	116	86	92	95	85	76	65	49
Total governmental activities expenses	27,249	28,643	30,131	31,889	34,558	36,857	41,808	44,137	46,229	49,124
Business-type activities:										
Solid Waste	444	464	601	560	590	675	568	656	519	573
DCAR GIS	14	30	15	76	68	57	61	87	87	-
Total business-type activities expenses	459	494	616	636	658	732	629	742	607	573
Total primary government expenses	27,707	29,137	30,747	32,525	35,216	37,589	42,436	44,879	46,835	49,698
PROGRAM REVENUES										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	767	746	741	775	1,117	1,227	1,406	1,429	1,433	1,188
Judicial	923	980	987	934	794	843	769	1,066	1,161	1,224
Public safety	1,434	1,288	1,490	1,295	1,382	1,833	1,791	2,069	2,154	2,354
Public works	-	-	2	2	52	78	54	76	69	83
Health and welfare	13	12	12	12	9	10	4	6	8	11
Recreation and culture	208	196	209	206	428	877	1,255	2,142	1,474	1,472
Housing and development	196	201	328	357	352	477	828	1,277	1,240	1,404
Total charges for services	3,540	3,422	3,769	3,581	4,135	5,346	6,107	8,065	7,539	7,738
Operating grants and contributions	1,079	1,494	1,824	1,270	1,678	1,836	5,428	3,005	3,063	3,731
Capital grants and contributions	817	310	459	1,749	271	978	1,251	591	1,058	2,704
Total governmental activities program revenues	5,436	5,225	6,052	6,600	6,084	8,160	12,786	11,661	11,660	14,173

continued

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Solid Waste	678	695	811	932	827	664	650	666	542	644
DCAR GIS	3	2	3	7	14	12	8	5	16	
Total charges for services	681	697	815	940	841	675	658	671	558	644
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	2
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
an Capital grants and contributions		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total business-type activities program revenues	681	697	815	940	841	675	658	671	558	646
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 6,117 \$	5,922 \$	6,866 \$	7,540 \$	6,925 \$	8,835 \$	13,443 \$	12,332 \$	12,219 \$	14,819
Net (expense)/revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (21,813) \$	(23,418) \$	(24,093) \$	(25,288) \$	(28,474) \$	(28,697) \$	(29,022) \$	(32,476) \$	(34,568) \$	(34,951)
Business-type activities	223	202	199	303	182	(56)	29	(71)	(49)	72
Total primary government net expense	(21,591)	(23,216)	(23,894)	(24,985)	(28,291)	(28,753)	(28,993)	(32,547)	(34,617)	(34,879)
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER										
CHANGES IN NET POSITIONS										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property Taxes	9,209	10,129	10,492	11,172	13,303	13,576	13,479	15,087	15,870	19,028
Sales Taxes	12,398	12,617	13,282	14,878	16,142	17,354	18,513	22,267	24,560	25,457
Insurance premium tax	975	1,044	1,111	1,190	1,281	1,370	1,460	1,515	1,840	1,895
Real estate and recording taxes Other taxes	211 1,029	88 1,350	78 1,427	103	579 1,057	694 1,069	1,007 1,084	1,216	1,055 1,647	833
Other taxes Total taxes	23,822	25,228	26,390	1,561 28,904	32,362	34,063	35,542	1,355 41,440	44,972	1,767 48,979
Sale of Wetland Credits	23,822	23,228	20,390	28,904	32,302	34,003	33,342	41,440	44,972	40,979
Homeowner Tax Relief Grant	_		-	_		-	-	-	_	_
Investment earnings	403	216	51	45	109	152	84	25	189	1,572
Gain on sale of capital assets	1	1	38	98	13	291	-	31	73	61
Other	43	57	118	43	7	1	32	27	32	31
Transfers	139	(11)	(11)	(73)	(77)	588	(53)	(82)	(111)	57
Total governmental activities	24,408	25,491	26,586	29,017	32,415	35,095	35,606	41,442	45,154	50,699

continued

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	20	014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Business-type activities:											
Investment earnings		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gain on sale of capital assets		-	-	-	-	(5)	-	(4)	-	-	-
Other		-	-	-	1	-	-	_	-	-	-
Transfers		(139)	11	11	73	77	(588)	53	82	111	(57)
Total business-type activities		(138)	11	12	74	71	(588)	49	82	111	(57)
Total primary government		24,269	25,502	26,598	29,091	32,486	34,507	35,655	41,524	45,265	50,642
CHANGE IN NET POSITIONS											
Governmental activities		2,594	2,073	2,493	3,729	3,942	6,398	6,584	8,966	10,586	15,748
Business-type activities		84	213	210	377	253	(644)	78	11	63	16
Total primary government	\$	2,679 \$	2,287 \$	2,703 \$	4,106 \$	4,195 \$	5,754 \$	6,662 \$	8,977 \$	10,649 \$	15,764

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
General fund										
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	467	559	558	711	639	979	770	568	934	943
Restricted	24	31	38	84	111	82	91	146	186	232
Assigned	212	426	1,766	1,467	656	1,875	2,069	845	2,098	4,371
Unassigned	4,546	5,208	5,103	5,971	7,832	6,004	9,276	13,869	16,638	20,523
Total general fund	\$5,248	\$6,225	\$7,466	\$8,233	\$ 9,238	\$ 8,940	\$ 12,205	\$ 15,428	\$ 19,856	\$ 26,070
All other governmental funds										
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved, reported in:										
Designated										
Special Revenue Funds										
Capital Projects Funds										
Debt Service Funds										
Restricted	7,427	4,984	5,926	7,051	11,459	12,390	12,816	20,326	28,308	32,137
Assigned	648	680	717	678	680	508	268	2,134	708	604
Unassigned		(762)	(775)	(820)	_	-	-	-	-	-
Total all other governmental funds	\$8,075	\$4,902	\$5,868	\$6,909	\$ 12,139	\$ 12,899	\$ 13,084	\$ 22,460	\$ 29,016	\$ 32,741

Note: In 2015, the County implemented GASB 68. Note: In 2022, the County implemented GASB 87.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 REVENUES Taxes (see table 5) 23,649 \$ 25.057 \$ 26,207 \$ 28,720 \$ 32,260 \$ 34.067 \$ 35,519 \$ 41.514 \$ 44.959 \$ 48,938 Licenses and permits 484 503 644 675 669 786 1,204 1,668 1,589 1,560 Fines and forfeitures 647 654 668 591 502 501 372 620 770 800 1,779 Charges for services 2,578 2,437 2,649 2,501 3,885 4,267 5,576 4,952 5,167 Intergovernmental 1,775 1,677 2,018 1,788 2,832 2,630 6,276 3,680 3,898 4,924 Contributions and donations 136 116 402 191 171 538 Investment income 33 60 149 221 37 274 2,576 31 65 116 Miscellaneous 163 190 258 1.259 132 173 263 200 227 184 29,330 30,549 32,509 35,595 42,379 48,421 53,487 Total revenues 38,461 56,841 64,687 **EXPENDITURES** General government 3,521 3,598 3,870 3,974 4,774 4,970 5,035 5,276 5,632 6,169 4.395 Judicial 2,758 2,778 3,197 3,156 3,400 3.822 3,982 4,186 5,002 Public safety 10,889 10,880 11,470 12,305 13,200 13,903 14,963 16,496 18,755 20,408 Public works 2,207 2.815 11,489 1.879 2,023 2,356 2,922 2,722 3,689 4.051 Health and welfare 731 818 872 923 969 963 1,049 1,170 1,243 761 Recreation and culture 1,325 1,342 11,359 1,494 1,537 1,645 1,674 1,791 1,936 2,207 927 1,096 1,183 1,147 1,367 1,421 1,583 1,856 2,050 2,360 Housing and development 1,689 4,787 7,669 1.328 1.386 2,362 1.230 Intergovernmental 526 2,490 849 Capital Outlay 692 1.190 1.187 3,571 11.043 10,669 4,897 6.019 13,155 Principal on long-term debt 7,747 8,220 570 80 81 164 331 337 553 290 Interest on long-term debt 900 512 64 54 86 97 89 79 69 52

Excess of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	(3,364)	(2,672)	(17,488)	1,777	6,171	603	2,955	(27,538)	10,978	9,850
		,								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Sale of capital assets	14	229	29	104	79	300	552	56	128	101
Debt premiums and discounts					-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from borrowing		196			449	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	9,444	5,808	1,784	2,683	2,275	3,586	2,570	5,072	1,658	1,540
Transfers out	(9,305)	(5,819)	(1,796)	(2,755)	(2,351)	(2,998)	(2,623)	(5,154)	(1,769)	(1,551)
Total other financing sources (uses)	153	414	18	31	452	888	498	(26)	16	90
Net change in fund balances	\$ (3,211) \$	(2,258) \$	(17,470) \$	1,808 \$	6,623 \$	1,491 \$	3,453 \$	(27,564) \$	10,995 \$	9,939
Debt service as a percentage of										

49,997

1.40%

33,818

32,290

0.58%

41,776

0.85%

45,466

1.20%

40,867

1.16%

45,862

1.56%

54,838

0.82%

Issuance costs on long-term debt

noncapital expenditures

Total expenditures

32,694

27.89%

33,221

26.71%

0.51%

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND HISTORY

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Last Five Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 24,372	\$ 25,223	\$ 28,967	\$ 30,860	\$ 34,176
Licenses and permits	786	1,204	1,668	1,589	1,560
Fines and forfeitures	386	2,363	479	491	610
Charges for services	377	273	464	614	651
Intergovernmental	2,199	2,177	2,594	2,779	2,991
Investment income	40	60	97	97	99
Contributions and Donations	128	70	20	145	1,280
Miscellaneous	165	262	199	227	184
TOTAL REVENUES	28,453	31,633	34,488	36,802	41,550
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	4,821	4,931	4,917	5,569	6,100
Judicial	3,289	3,394	3,562	3,824	4,482
Public safety	12,204	11,879	13,554	15,372	17,319
Public works	1,480	1,893	1,817	2,066	2,016
Health and welfare	316	309	318	338	388
Recreation and culture	1,638	1,654	1,750	1,908	2,176
Housing and development	775	827	992	1,124	1,306
Intergovernmental	2	1,012	28	38	40
Capital Outlay	210	174	372	243	37
Debt Service					
Principal	105	270	275	285	290
Interest	83	77	69	61	52
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	24,923	26,421	27,652	30,828	34,207
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	3,530	5,212	6,836	5,974	7,343
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from borrowings	_	_	_	_	_
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	16	484	_	5	5
Transfers in	63	87	759	87	203
Transfers out	(2,877)	(2,519)	(4,372)	(1,627)	(1,336)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(2,798)	(1,948)	(3,613)	(1,535)	(1,129)
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER					
FINANCING OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	732	3,264	3,223	4,439	6,214
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1	9,625	8,940	12,205	15,428	19,856
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	-	-	-	(11)	
Prior Period Adjustments	(1,417)	-	-	-	
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	\$ 8,940	\$ 12,205	\$ 15,428	\$ 19,856	\$ 26,069

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Source: Audited Financial Statements of Dawson County

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal	Property	Sales	I	nsurance		Real Estate	Other	
Year	Taxes	Taxes	Pr	emium Tax	&	Recording Taxes	Taxes	Total
2014	\$ 9,207	\$ 12,398	\$	975	\$	58	\$ 1,021	\$ 23,659
2015	\$ 10,131	\$ 12,617	\$	1,044	\$	88	\$ 1,177	\$ 25,057
2016	\$ 10,502	\$ 13,282	\$	1,111	\$	78	\$ 1,235	\$ 26,208
2017	\$ 11,176	\$ 14,877	\$	1,190	\$	103	\$ 1,374	\$ 28,720
2018	\$ 13,201	\$ 16,142	\$	1,281	\$	579	\$ 1,057	\$ 32,260
2019	\$ 13,580	\$ 17,354	\$	1,370	\$	694	\$ 1,069	\$ 34,067
2020	\$ 13,457	\$ 18,513	\$	1,460	\$	1,007	\$ 1,084	\$ 35,519
2021	\$ 15,161	\$ 22,267	\$	1,515	\$	1,216	\$ 1,355	\$ 41,514
2022	\$ 15,857	\$ 24,560	\$	1,840	\$	1,055	\$ 1,647	\$ 44,959
2023	\$ 18,987	\$ 25,457	\$	1,895	\$	833	\$ 1,767	\$ 48,938

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Tax Year]	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Motor Vehicles	Other (1)	 Less Exemptions	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate (2)	Estimated Actual Value (3)	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2014	2013	\$	724,547	\$ 134,742	\$ 61,251	\$ 292,782	\$ 174,797	\$ 1,038,525	8.138	\$ 2,596,313	40.00%
2015	2014	\$	792,453	\$ 24,158	\$ 46,193	\$ 236,132	\$ 210,077	\$ 888,859	8.138	\$ 2,222,148	40.00%
2016	2015	\$	829,097	\$ 162,495	\$ 35,695	\$ 118,671	\$ 192,613	\$ 953,345	8.138	\$ 2,383,363	40.00%
2017	2016	\$	955,193	\$ 193,964	\$ 28,375	\$ 133,866	\$ 214,161	\$ 1,097,237	8.138	\$ 2,743,093	40.00%
2018	2017	\$	1,023,711	\$ 193,245	\$ 22,737	\$ 131,868	\$ 221,234	\$ 1,150,327	8.138	\$ 2,875,818	40.00%
2019	2018	\$	1,036,758	\$ 202,149	\$ 18,878	\$ 127,344	\$ 297,877	\$ 1,087,252	8.138	\$ 2,718,130	40.00%
2020	2019	\$	1,123,736	\$ 219,522	\$ 16,163	\$ 129,894	\$ 229,673	\$ 1,259,642	8.138	\$ 3,149,105	40.00%
2021	2020	\$	1,315,736	\$ 245,630	\$ 14,805	\$ 140,525	\$ 256,592	\$ 1,460,105	8.138	\$ 3,650,261	40.00%
2022	2021	\$	1,614,130	\$ 260,475	\$ 13,823	\$ 146,444	\$ 35,029	\$ 1,999,843	7.222	\$ 4,999,608	40.00%
2023	2022	\$	2,250,029	\$ 305,333	\$ 14,504	\$ 169,314	\$ 460,834	\$ 2,278,346	5.634	\$ 5,695,865	40.00%

Source: Georgia Department of Revenue

⁽¹⁾ Includes Mobile homes, aircraft, boats, miscellaneous personal property, timber and heavy equipment.

⁽²⁾ This is the rate applicable to the unincorporated portion of the county.

⁽³⁾ Property that is exempt from taxation has not been included. That is typically property owned by governments and not-for-profit organizations like churches.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES - MILLS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Mills - rate per \$1,000 of taxable assessed value)

Tax Year	<i>2014</i>	<i>2015</i>	<i>2016</i>	<i>2017</i>	<i>2018</i>	<i>2019</i>	<i>2020</i>	<i>2021</i>	<i>2022</i>	<i>2023</i>
<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u> 2015</u>	<u> 2016</u>	<u> 2017</u>	<u> 2018</u>	<u> 2019</u>	<u> 2020</u>	<u> 2021</u>	<u> 2022</u>	<u> 2023</u>	<u> 2024</u>
County - Incorporated	8.138	8.138	8.138	8.138	8.138	8.089	7.885	7.625	7.222	5.634
School Operations	17.246	16.496	15.778	15.778	15.778	15.778	15.778	15.000	14.200	10.800
School Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
State of Georgia	0.100	0.050	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total Incorporated	26.067	26.796	26.458	23.916	23.916	23.867	23.663	22.625	21.422	16.434
Total Unincorporated	26.067	26.796	26.458	15.778	15.778	15.778	15.778	15.000	14.200	10.800
Municipalities										
Dawsonville	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Source: Georgia Department of Revenue

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the County. Not all overlapping rates apply to all County property owners (e.g., the rates for special districts apply only to the proportion of the government's property owners whose property is located within the geographic boundaries of the special district. The districts that are within the city limits of municipalities that do not levy a city tax are considered with the unincorporated areas in computing the maximum rates.

(1) For purposes of this schedule, the County unincorporated rate is considered the total direct rate.

Maximum rates:

Total Incorporated	32.196	33.023	32.585	23.916	23.916	23.867	23.663	22.625	21.422	16.434
Total Unincorporated	26.067	26.796	26.458	15.778	15.778	15.778	15.778	15.000	14.200	10.800

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Tax Year 2023 Tax Year 2014

Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value ¹	Rank²	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	A	Taxable Assessed Value ¹	Rank²	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
SMC DAWSON RIDGE, LLC	\$ 18,594	1	0.82%				
CHELSEA GCA REALTY	17,392	2	0.76%		16,680	1	1.61%
RAINIER HENDON DAWSON MARKETPLACE	15,393	3	0.68%				
POINTE GRAND DAWSONVILLE, LLC	12,399	4	0.54%				
3MIND DAWSON FOREST LLC & SG ATLANTIC	12,230	5	0.54%				
GEORGIA POWER COMPANY	10,386	6	0.46%		7,387	2	0.71%
ADVENIR@DAWSON HILLS, LLC	10,367	7	0.46%				
GEORGIA TRANSMISSION CORP	9,933	8	0.44%		7,052	3	0.68%
CROSSINGS OF DAWSONVILLE	11,322	9	0.50%				
CITY OF ATLANTA	6,938	10	0.30%		6,808	4	0.66%
DAWSON FEE LLC					6,585	5	0.63%
WALMART REAL ESTATE BUSINESS TRUST					5,473	6	0.53%
FORESTER GA REAL ESTATE					4,952	7	0.48%
SAWNEE EMC					3,825	8	0.37%
IMPULSE MANUFACTURING, INC					4,736	9	0.46%
WINDSTREAM					3,530	10	0.34%
Totals	\$ 124,953		5.48%	\$	67,028		6.45%

Source: Dawson County Tax Commissioner

- 1. Amounts expressed in thousands.
- 2. Rank is based on the amount of County maintenance & operations taxes billed since exemptions that reduce the assessed value can vary by entity.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Tax Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

		Tax	Taxes Lev for the		Interest,				Total			cted within ar of the Levy	Co	llections in	Total Col	llections to Date	_		
Fiscal	Tax	Due	Tax Yea	ar			C	osts,	A	djusted			Percentage of	Sul	bsequent		Percentage of	Un	collected
Year	Year	Date	(Original I	Levy)	Adju	stments	& Pe	nalties		Levy	Α	mount	Original Levy		Years	Amount	Adjusted Levy	В	alance
2015	2014	12/1/2014	\$ 8	,541	\$	(45)	\$	120	\$	8,616	\$	7,796	91.28%	\$	886	\$ 8,682	100.77%	\$	(66)
2016	2015	12/1/2015	\$ 8	,742	\$	(57)	\$	9	\$	8,694	\$	8,015	91.68%	\$	803	\$ 8,818	99.03%	\$	(124)
2017	2016	12/1/2016	\$ 9	,767	\$	(40)	\$	42	\$	9,769	\$	8,894	91.06%	\$	1,403	\$ 10,297	98.58%	\$	(528)
2018	2017	12/1/2017	\$ 10	,389	\$	(67)	\$	108	\$	10,430	\$	10,281	98.96%	\$	1,245	\$ 11,526	110.51%	\$	(1,096)
2019	2018	12/1/2018	\$ 11	,693	\$	(186)	\$	89	\$	11,596	\$	11,492	98.28%	\$	606	\$ 12,098	104.22%	\$	(502)
2020	2019	12/1/2019	\$ 12	,021	\$	(49)	\$	94	\$	12,066	\$	11,681	97.17%	\$	598	\$ 12,279	101.77%	\$	(213)
2021	2020	12/1/2020	\$ 12	,948	\$	(111)	\$	93	\$	12,930	\$	12,305	95.03%	\$	716	\$ 13,021	100.70%	\$	(91)
2022	2021	12/1/2021	\$ 13	,010	\$	(382)	\$	76	\$	12,704	\$	12,588	96.76%	\$	686	\$ 13,274	104.49%	\$	(570)
2023	2022	12/1/2022	\$ 15	,351	\$	(78)	\$	77	\$	15,350	1 \$	14,218	92.62%	\$	701	\$ 14,919	97.19%	\$	431
2024	2023	12/1/2023	\$ 14	,581	\$	(353)	\$	73	\$	14,301	\$	14,300	98.07%	\$	525	\$ 14,825	103.66%	\$	(524)

Source: Dawson County Tax Commissioner's Office.

Adjustments reflect changes, i.e., Not on Digest entries (NODS), Appeal settlement adjustments, error corrections, if any.

¹ Taxes levied during the calendar year 2022 are recorded as revenues in the financial statements in 2023 since they are levied to finance that year's expenditures. Taxes levied include real and personal property, motor vehicle, mobile home, timber, and heavy equipment taxes.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

			Go	vernm	ental	Activities				
Fiscal Year	Capital Notes Leases Payabl]	oligation Bonds ayable	ontracts yable (2)	Total Primary vernment	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per oita (1)
2014	\$	835	\$	-	\$	7,865	\$ 2,905	\$ 11,605	1.29%	\$ 506
2015	\$	686	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,895	\$ 3,581	0.42%	\$ 154
2016	\$	132	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,880	\$ 3,012	0.31%	\$ 128
2017	\$	66	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,865	\$ 2,931	0.30%	\$ 120
2018	\$	449	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,850	\$ 3,299	0.30%	\$ 132
2019	\$	391	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,745	\$ 3,136	0.28%	\$ 120
2020	\$	330	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,475	\$ 2,805	0.24%	\$ 107
2021	\$	268	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,200	\$ 2,468	0.23%	\$ 98
2022	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,915	\$ 1,915	0.16%	\$ 73
2023	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,625	\$ 1,625	0.08%	\$ 51

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on Table 15 for personal income and population data.

⁽²⁾ Debt includes premiums, discounts, and amounts deferred on refunding.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES DEBT GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT

December 31, 2023

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Jurisdiction	Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Government	Amount Applicable to Government
our istuction	Ouisianaing	Government	Government
Intergovernmental Contracts Obligation			
Etowah Water & Sewer Authority Contracts Payable	\$ 1,625	100.00%	\$ 1,625
Total Intergovernmental Contracts Obligation	1,625		1,625
Leases			
Leases	-	100.00%	-
Total Leases			
Total Direct obligations	1,625		1,625
Overlapping General Obligation Debt:			
Dawson County School System	7,680	100.00%	7,680
City of Dawsonville	3,576	100.00%	3,576
Total Overlapping General Obligation Debt	11,256		11,256
Total	\$ 12,881		\$ 12,881

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by the State Department of Revenue. Debt outstanding provided by the County & each local government. See Table 10.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the county. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the county. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the county's taxable assessed value that is within the overlapping government's boundaries and dividing it by the overlapping government's total taxable assessed value.

Debt and Assessed Value per Capita¹

	Per (Capita	D	ebt Amount
Direct General Obligation (G.O.) debt per capita	\$	-		-
Direct and Contractual G.O. debt per capita	: \$	51	\$	1,625,000
Direct debt, Contractual Debt, Notes, and Leases per capita	\$	51	\$	1,625,000
Direct and Contractual Debt, Notes, Leases, and Overlapping Debt per capita	\$	406	\$	12,881,073
Fair Market Value of Taxable Property per capita	\$	216		
Grossed Assessed value of property before exemptions	\$	2,739,180		
Net Tax digest for Maintenance and operations	\$	2,278,346		
Estimated Fair Market Value of Taxable Property	\$	6,847,951		
Population, estimated 2022		31,732		

¹ Based on estimated population for the County as shown above.

² Contractual debt represents long term Intergovernmental Contract obligations of Dawson County.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Assessed value of property	\$ 1,213,322	\$ 1,098,936	\$ 1,145,958	\$ 1,311,398	\$ 1,371,561	\$ 1,385,129	\$ 1,489,315	\$ 1,716,697	\$ 2,034,872	\$ 2,739,180
Debt limit (10% of total assessed value)	121,332	109,894	114,596	131,140	137,156	138,513	148,932	171,670	203,487	273,918
Amount of Debt applicable to limit: General Obligation debt and contracts payable Less: Resources restricted to paying principal	10,770	2,895	2,880	2,865	2,850	2,745	2,475	2,200	1,915	1,625
Total net debt applicable to limit	10,770	2,895	2,880	2,865	2,850	2,745	2,475	2,200	1,915	1,625
Legal debt margin	\$ 110,563	\$ 106,999	\$ 111,716	\$ 128,275	\$ 134,306	\$ 135,768	\$ 146,457	\$ 169,470	\$ 201,572	\$ 272,293
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	8.88%	2.63%	2.51%	2.18%	2.08%	1.98%	1.66%	1.28%	0.94%	0.59%

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE

Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Sales Tax Increment Bonds (1)

Fiscal	_	Sales Tax					
Year	1	ncrement	P	rincipal	In	terest	Coverage
2014	\$	6,595	\$	7,650	\$	776	0.78
2015	\$	3,043	\$	7,865	\$	393	0.37
2016		-		-		-	-
2017		-		-		-	-
2018		-		-		-	-
2019		-		_		-	-
2020		-		_		-	-
2021		-		-		-	-
2022		-		-		-	-
2023		-		-		-	-

⁽¹⁾ Sales tax increment bonds are backed by the sales tax revenue produced by the sales tax rate in effect when the bonds were issued.

Note: Details regarding the government's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal			Personal	Per Capita Personal	Unemployment
Year -	Population Income (1) (2)			Income (2)	Rate (3)
2014	22,957	\$	897,550	\$ 39,097	6.1%
2015	23,312	\$	857,905	\$ 36,801	5.4%
2016	23,604	\$	987,473	\$ 41,835	4.3%
2017	24,379	\$	970,918	\$ 39,826	3.6%
2018	25,083	\$	1,088,101	\$ 43,380	3.3%
2019	26,108	\$	1,180,108	\$ 45,201	2.4%
2020	26,108	\$	1,208,226	\$ 46,278	2.8%
2021	26,798	\$	1,290,860	\$ 48,170	1.9%
2022	30,138	\$	1,627,331	\$ 53,996	2.3%
2023	31,732		1,937,778	\$ 61,067	2.5%

Data sources:

- (1) US Bureau of the Census; Based on calendar year 2022
- (2) Federal Bureau of Economic Analysis; Based on calendar year 2022
- (3) Bureau of Labor Statistics; based on calendar year 2022

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2023	3		14	
			Percentage of Total County			Percentage of Total County
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
NORTH GEORGIA PREMIUM OUTLETS	1322	1	8.45%	1,100.00	1	9.70%
DAWSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION	575	2	3.67%	538.00	3	4.75%
DAWSON COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS	395	3	2.52%	284.00	5	2.51%
WALMART	351	4	2.24%	350.00	4	3.09%
GOLD CREEK FOODS	292	5	1.87%	600.00	2	5.29%
BTD MANUFACTURING	298	6	1.90%			0.00%
THE HOME DEPOT	160	7	1.02%			0.00%
KROGER	196	8	1.25%	150.00	7	1.32%
PREMIER SURPLUS	145	9	0.93%			0.00%
PUBLIX	124	10	0.79%			0.00%
IMPULSE MANUFACTURING				210.00	6	1.85%
INGLES				150.00	8	1.32%
SLEEVE CO INC				110.00	9	0.97%
WORLD WIDE MANUFACTURING COMPANY				107.00	10	0.94%
All other employers	11,789		75.34%	7,738	_	68.25%
Total	15,647		100.00%	11,337		100.00%

Sources: Dawson County Chamber of Commerce, Dawson County Board of Education, Dawson County Human Resources, Bureau of Economic Analysis

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014	2015 ⁽¹⁾	2016 ⁽¹⁾	2017 ⁽¹⁾	2018 ⁽¹⁾	2019 ⁽¹⁾	2020 ⁽¹⁾	2021(1)	2022(1)	2023
Function										
General government	29	32	35	43	47	53	55	59	58	42
Public safety										
Sheriff										
Officers	82	85	95	96	98	100	106	108	109	110
Civilians	21	20	17	16	19	18	20	20	18	17
Fire										
Firefighters and officers	53	52	63	71	71	71	72	73	78	78
Civilians	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
Court system	34	59	59	37	35	37	41	47	55	54
Public works	22	22	28	18	18	21	21	21	20	20
Health and welfare	11	11	11	11	11	13	13	14	13	26
Recreation and culture	17	12	12	10	10	10	18	20	20	28
Housing and development	11	12	12	14	11	9	9	11	12	12
Solid Waste	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	6
Water & Sewer	_	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	-	
Total	284	309	336	320	324	336	360	379	389	395

Source: Dawson County Human Resources & Finance Department

Notes: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave). Full-time-equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2,080.

(1) Adjustment has been made to prior year employee counts

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Function										
Sheriff										
Accident reports	1,251	1,405	1,727	914	804	1,062	1,275	1,417	1,475	1,509
Traffic Stops	6,277	5,413	4,170	4,473	5,152	6,113	6,213	9,239	7,137	7,759
Arrests	654	1,647	1,665	1,494	1,612	1,645	1,660	1,926	1,735	1,736
Fire										
Calls	3,200	3,289	3,241	153	644	885	4,092	4,622	5,145	5,319
Inspections	679	455	657	208	370	1,403 (1)	1,497	1,564	1,660	1,116
Emergency Services										
Calls	2,467	3,285	2,581	2,815	2,806	3,014	2,984	3,506	3,878	3,975
Highways and streets										
Paved resurfacing (miles)	3.2	4.0	11.2	24.6	5.1	9.2	13.7	9.7	4.5	8.1
Sanitation										
Refuse collected (tons/month)	301	304	512	580	616	586	603	635	242	344
Parks and recreation										
Athletic participants - Spring	1,236	1,394	1,141	1,246	1,159	1,273	1,092 (2)	2,871	1,651	1,561
Athletic participants - Summer			29	55	75	55	0(3)	55	265	267
Athletic participants - Fall			1,086	930	832	930	879	1,286	1,605	1,592
Athletic participants - Winter			357	368	323	368	388	4,033	783	507
Total Athletic Participation	2,629	3,079	2,613	2,599	2,389	2,516	2,359	8,245	4,304	3,927
Total Facility Usage								17,402	19,487	19,391
Private Rentals								4,637	5,736	7,814
Special Events								208	232	901
Programs								513	528	566
Facility usage	20,226	13,275	12,196	19,995	20,936	23,372	17,123	49,716	19,487	28,672
Protective inspection										
Building permits	347	397	521	507	690	626	675	927	1,503	1,367

Sources: Various County departments

⁽¹⁾ Includes participants only. Prior years included spectators.

^{(2) 2020} Spring Athletic registration was cut short due to COVID

^{(3) 2020} Summer registration was inactive due to COVID

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

-	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Function										
General government										
Undeveloped land (acres)	79.038	79.038	79.038	79.038	79.038	79.038	78.068	85.028	205.318	204.838
Buildings	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Vehicles	4	4	4	1	1	2	1	2	3	2
Public Safety										
Buildings										
Sheriff Department	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	5	5
Emergency Services	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	9	8	8
Vehicles										
Fire/Pumper Trucks	14	18	16	16	14	15	16	16	16	15
Other Fire vehicles	18	11	10	14	13	13	15	17	17	19
Ambulance/Rescue	8	11	7	5	5	5	5	5	7	11
Sheriff's vehicles	84	81	71	89	99	106	99	110	126	137
Marshal's vehicles	3	2	1	3	1	1	1	2	2	2
Equipment	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Court System										
Buildings	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Vehicles	4	4	4	5	4	4	4	5	4	4
Public works										
Buildings										
Road Department	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Facilities Management	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Transfer Station	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	2
Fleet Maintenance	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2
Vehicles										
Road Department	13	15	24	20	11	10	11	12	11	8
Facilities Management	8	6	8	10	11	11	8	10	7	6
Heavy Equipment										
Road Department	21	22	23	17	17	20	34	37	39	40
Transfer Station	7	3	3	18	20	20	14	15	15	16
Fleet Maintenance	2	1	1	1	1	2	3	3	3	4
Roads										
Paved Streets (miles)	223.0	223.0	205.5	205.5	206.0	206.6	258.0	218.5	219.2	228.7
Unpaved Streets (miles)	58.0	58.0	77.0	77.3	77.0	76.4	94.7	86.5	85.8	79.9
Health and welfare										
Buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	4	2	1	2	3	4	1	1	1	1
Housing and development										
Buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	9	3	3	3	5	6	5	6	6	5
Parks and recreation		J	J	J		Ü	C	Ü	Ü	C
Buildings and site improvements	14	14	14	14	14	14	10	10	12	12
Vehicles	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3
annual comprehensive financial reports for	4	16	21	26	36	38	28	29	30	37
Child Care Centers	1	1	1	1	1	-	-		-	-
Cinia Care Centers	1	1	1	1	1	_	-	_	-	_

Sources: Various county departments

4

Other Reporting Section

Single Audit Section

This section contains reports required by Uniform Guidance and grantor agencies.

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For Year Ended December 31, 2023

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THRU GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	GRANT/ CONTRACT NUMBER	PROGRAM OR AWARD AMOUNT	SUB-RECIPIENT EXPENDITURES	EXPENDITURES
TROOM MITTEE	TTOMBER	Nember	TIMOGINI	Lin Li Birondo	EMENDATORES
U.S DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE					
Passed through the Prosecuting Attorneys' Council of Georgia					
-Victims of Crime Act Assistance Grant Progam	16.575	C18-8-566	\$ 74,419 74,419	\$ -	\$ 51,423
Passed through the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council			/4,419	-	51,423
-Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant -Bullet Proof Vest Partnership Program	16.738 16.607	B21-8-010 OMB 1121-0235	112,204 8,099	-	112,204 2,585
			120,303	-	114,789
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			194,722		166,212
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION					
Passed through the Georgia Department of Transportation					
-Transit Operating Assistance Grant	20.509	Contract #48400-294- IGOIP2300324 Project #T007223	155,645	_	69,044
Think opening the beautiful of the control of the c	20.509	Contract #48400-294-	155,015		35,6
-Transit Operating Assistance Grant	20.509	IGOIP2400235 Project #T007306	155,000 310,645		73,645 142,689
Highway Safety Cluster of Programs			310,013		112,003
Passed thru Georgia Office of Highway Safety -HEAT GRANT# GA-2022-402 PT-021	20.600	GA-2023-402 PT-030	96,583	-	57,471
-HEAT GRANT# GA-2023-402 PT-030 Total Highway Safety Cluster of Programs	20.600	GA-2024-402 PT-016	75,878 172,461	-	15,137 72,608
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			483,106		215,297
	_		465,100		213,297
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY	_				
Passed through the State of Georgia Northeast Judicial Court '-Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery funds (SLFRF) -ARPA	21.027	Dawson County, GA	198,456		198,456
		,,,,	198,456	-	198,456
Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery funds (SLFRF) -ARPA	21.027	Dawson County, GA	5,071,173	-	1,313,570
Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery funds (LATCF) -ARPA	21.032	OMB 1505-0276	50,000	-	50,000
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY			5,319,629		1,562,026
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES					
Medicare Enrollment Assistance Program	93.071	SilverSneakers	3,538	-	3,538
Aging Cluster of Programs					
Passed-through the Legacy Link, Inc.		42700-373-0000094045;			
-Special Programs for the Aging: Title III, Part B: Supportive Services	93.044	42700-373-0000102194 42700-373-0000094045;	38,938	-	6,597
-Special Programs for the Aging: Title III, Part C: Nutrition Services	93.045	42700-373-0000102194	114,575	-	114,575
-Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.053	42700-373-0000094045; 42700-373-0000102194	26,043	-	26,043
Passed through Deanna Specialty Transportation, IncSpecial Programs for the Aging: Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive					
Services and Senior Centers	93.044	2023: 2024	65,912 245,468		65,912 213,127
Total Aging Cluster Programs			243,408	-	213,127
Passed-through the Legacy Link, Inc.		42700-373-0000094045;			
-Special Programs for the Aging: Title III, Part E: (Respite)	93.052	42700-373-0000102194	17,907	-	17,907
-Social Services Block Grant	93.667	42700-373-0000094045; 42700-373-0000102194	4,363		4,363
			22,270	-	22,270
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			271,276		238,935
			,		

(cont.)

DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For Year Ended December 31, 2023

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THRU GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	GRANT/ CONTRACT NUMBER	PROGRAM OR AWARD AMOUNT	SUB-RECIPIENT EXPENDITURES	EXPENDITURES
(cont.)					
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY					
Passed through the Georgia Emergency Management Agency -Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	EMA-2022-EO-00005-S01	7,006		7,006
			7,006	-	7,006
Passed through the Georgia Emergency Management Agency					
-Hazard Mitigation Grant	97.039	EMA-2020-BR-001-024	22,500		21,840 21,840
TOTAL FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY			29,506		28,846
TOTAL FEDERAL EMERGENCI MANAGEMENT AGENCI			29,300		20,040
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR					
Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster of Programs					
Schools and Roads - Grants to States Total Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster of Programs	10.665		30,104		30,104
total Porest Service Schools and Rodas Cluster of Programs			30,104	-	30,104
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR			30,104	-	30,104
SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION					
Social Security - Work Incentives Planning and Assistance Program	96.008		1,200	-	1,200
TOTAL SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION			1,200		1,200
GRAND TOTAL			\$ 6,329,543	\$ -	\$ 2,242,620

- NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

 1. This schedule is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

 2. The County did not elect to use the 10% de minimus cost rate as covered in 2 CFR \$200.414 Indirect (F&A) costs.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

June 20, 2024

Board of Commissioners Dawson County, Georgia Dawsonville, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Dawson County, Georgia as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Dawson County, Georgia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 20, 2024. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Dawson County Health Department, as described in our report on Dawson County, Georgia's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Dawson County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Dawson County, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Dawson County, Georgia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the

important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-001 to be a significant deficiency.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-001, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Dawson County, Georgia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Dawson County, Georgia's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Dawson County, Georgia's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Dawson County, Georgia's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Botes, Carter & Co., LLP



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

June 20, 2024

Board of Commissioners Dawson County, Georgia Dawsonville, Georgia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Dawson County, Georgia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Dawson County, Georgia's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023. Dawson County, Georgia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Dawson County, Georgia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Dawson County, Georgia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Dawson County, Georgia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Dawson County, Georgia's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Dawson County, Georgia's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Dawson County, Georgia's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Dawson County, Georgia's compliance with
 the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as
 we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Dawson County, Georgia's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Dawson County, Georgia's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Dawson County, Georgia's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Dawson County, Georgia's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questions costs as item 2023-001 to be a significant deficiency.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities of the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify and deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Botes, Carter & Co., LLP

Dawson County, Georgia AUDITOR'S SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended December 31, 2023

I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS:

- 1. Report issued on Financial Statements Unmodified opinion.
- 2. Compliance (financial statements) No material instances of noncompliance.
- 3. Internal Control (financial statements) One significant deficiency.
- 4. Compliance (major programs) Unmodified opinion, no instances of noncompliance.
- 5. Internal control (major programs) Unmodified opinion, no material weaknesses.
- 6. Audit findings required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)
 - i) Significant deficiencies in internal controls over major programs None reported
 - ii) Material noncompliance related to major programs None reported
 - iii) Known questioned costs greater than \$25,000 for major programs None reported
 - iv) Known questioned costs greater than \$25,000 for a program not audited as major None reported
 - v) Circumstances if report on compliance is other than unmodified N/A
 - vi) Known fraud N/A
 - vii) Misrepresentation in schedule of prior audit findings None reported
- 7. Major programs for the year Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds, CFDA 21.027
- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs \$750,000.
- 9. Does the auditee qualify as a low risk auditee Yes.

II AUDIT FINDINGS - GENERALLY ACCEPTED GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS

Finding Number

PROBATE COURT

2023-001 <u>Statement of Condition (Re-issued):</u>

During testing, we noted funds held were not properly reconciled or accounted for at the end of the year.

Criteria:

Reporting should be in place to ensure funds held are accurate.

Effect of Condition:

The risk of not knowing for whom the funds belong.

Cause of Condition:

Insufficient record keeping.

Recommendation:

We recommend that a report is implemented to record all funds held activity for the year and that it is reconciled at the year end to show the accurate liability.

Response:

A report will be prepared to record all "funds held" activity for the year and it will be reconciled at year end to show accurate liability.

III FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

There were no findings or questioned costs relating to Federal awards reported for the year ended December 31, 2023.